Министерство сельского хозяйства РФ

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Брянский государственный аграрный университет»

КАФЕДРА ИНОСТРАННЫХ ЯЗЫКОВ

МЕДВЕДЕВА С.А., ГОЛУБ Л.Н.

СБОРНИК ГРАММАТИЧЕСКИХ УПРАЖНЕНИЙ И ТЕСТОВ ПО АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ

Учебное пособие

для студентов, обучающихся по направлениям подготовки 35.03.03 Агрохимия 35.03.04 Агрономия 35.03.07 Технология производства и переработки сельскохозяйственной продукции

очной и заочной форм обучения



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Медведева, С. А. Сборник грамматических упражнений и тестов по английскому языку: учебное пособие для студентов, обучающихся по направлениям подготовки 35.03.03 Агрохимия, 35.03.04 Агрономия, 35.03.07 Технология производства и переработки сельскохозяйственной продукции очной и заочной форм обучения / С. А. Медведева, Л. Н. Голуб. - Брянск: Издво Брянский ГАУ, 2024. — 142 с.

Учебное пособие представляет сборник упражнений и тестов по основным разделам английской грамматики, изучаемой в рамках обучения на бакалавриате.

При отборе лексического наполнения упражнений и тестов во главу угла ставился принцип преемственности, предполагающий поэтапную активизацию лексического материала в грамматических конструкциях.

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Рекомендовано к изданию учебно-методической комиссией института экономики и агробизнеса Брянского ГАУ, протокол №4 от 19.06.2024 года.

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ПРЕДИСЛОВИЕ

Данное учебное пособие представляет собой практическое освещение основных разделов грамматики английского языка, предусмотренных учебной программой изучения английского языка на неязыковых факультетах высших учебных заведений.

Тренировочные грамматические упражнения, представленные в пособии, направлены на повторение имени существительного и местоимения, основных времен глагола, согласования времен при переводе прямой речи в косвенную, условных предложений, причастия и причастных конструкций.

Следует отметить, что данное учебное пособие будет представлять интерес как для студентов, так и для преподавателей английского языка, работающих в высших учебных заведениях.

АРТИКЛЬ

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Вставьте артикль, где необходимо.

1. I study ... English. I attend ... English classes in ... evening. On ... days when I have no ... classes, I stay at ... home and do some work about ... house. I have ... dinner with my ... family. After ... dinner I talk to ... members of my ... family, watch ... TV and read ... books, ... newspapers and ... magazines. I go to ... bed late at ... night. 2. I am thirsty. Give me ... water, please. 3. There is ... book on ... table. Give me ... book, please.

Упражнение 2. Вставьте артикль, где необходимо.

Thames is ... short river. 2. ... Russia is washed by ... Arctic Ocean in ... north. 3. Kiev is to ... south of ... Moscow. 4. ... Europe is ... continent. 5. ... Moscow is ... capital of ... Russia. 6. Is ... Asia ... island or ... continent? 7. ... Black Sea is in ... south of our country. 8. ... White Sea is in ... north of our country. 9. This is ... map of ... world. What can you see on ... map? What ... color are ... valleys on ... map? 10. Petrov is ... architect. He is ... experienced architect. He is in ... Far East. He has ... wife. His wife is ... typist. They have ... son and ... daughter. 11. ... Philippines are situated to ... south-east of ... Asia. Lomonosov was born in ... small village on ... shore of ... White Sea. 12. Gogol was born in ... Ukraine in 1809. 13. ... Europe and ... America are separated by ... Atlantic Ocean. 14. William Shakespeare, ... greatest English playwright, was born in 1564 in ... Stratford-upon-Avon in ... England. 15. George Bernard Shaw, ... well-known English playwright, was born in ... Ireland in 1856.

Упражнение 3. Вставьте артикль, где необходимо.

1. Is this ... interesting book? Is this ... very interesting book? Is this ... very interesting book you have spoken about so much? It is such ... interesting book. Is it ... same book you have recommended to us? 2. She is ... teacher. She is ... good teacher. She is ... teacher of our school. She is ... teacher of ... English. Here is ...

teacher, ask her about ... question which interests you. 3. There is ... word in ... text which I cannot understand. There is... very difficult word, too, which I cannot pronounce. Here is ... word I was looking up in the dictionary. This word is ... adverb. 4. ... first men wore vegetarians. 5. Serfdom was abolished in ... Russia in ... 19th century. 6. Columbus, who discovered ... America, was ... native of ... Genoa. 7. ... Rome is ... ancient town. 8. ... Ireland, ... Scotland and ... Wales are parts of ... United Kingdom. 9. During ... American War of ... Independence, ... commander of ... small unit of soldiers was giving ... orders to his men about ... heavy cannon that they were trying to lift to its place at ... top of some fortifications. 10. Robert Burns, ... son of ... small farmer in Ayrshire, was born on ... 25th of ... January, 1759. 11. In 1786 Burns went to ... Edinburgh, and his book of poems unlocked ... doors of ... rich Edinburgh houses to a peasant with such a wonderful talent.

Упражнение 4. Вставьте артикль, где необходимо.

1. They signed ... contract only yesterday. 2. He mentioned ... Article 4. 3.... New Zealand and ... France were involved in this case. 5. He is ... criminal. 6. ... Baltic Sea is colder than ... Black Sea. 7. It is one of ... most important questions we discussed. 8. ... Library of Congress is ... largest library in ... USA.

Упражнение 5. Вставьте необходимый артикль.

1. "Is this your ... friend?" — "No, it isn't my ... friend, it is my sister". 2. I have ... sister. My ... sister is ... teacher. My sister's ... husband is ... pilot. 3. I have no ... car. 4. She has got ... terrible ... headache. 5. They have ... dog and two ... cats. 6. My ... cousin says he is going to be ... manager one ... day. 7. Would you like ... apple? 8. This is ... tree. ... tree is green. 9. I can see three ... children. ... children are playing in ... yard. 10. I have ... car. ... car is white. My ... friend has no ... car.

Упражнение 6. Вставьте необходимый артикль.

- 1. ... apple ... day keeps ... doctor away.
- 2. ... appetite comes with eating.

- 3. ... good beginning makes ... good ending.
- 4. ... bird in ... hand is worth two in ... bush.
- 5. Among ... blind ... one-eyed man is king.
- 6. ... brevity is ... soul of wit.
- 7. ... cat has nine lives.
- 8. ... charity begins at ... home.
- 9. ... clothes make ... man.
- 10. ... curiosity killed ... cat.

Тесты

- 1. ... Africa is much larger than ... Europe.
- a) -, -
- b) the, the
- 2. Last year I visited ...Mexico and ...United States.
- a) the, -
- b) -, the
- 3. ...South of ...England is warmer than ... north.
- a) the, -, the
- b) -, the, -
- c) -, -, -
- 4. ... Portugal is in ... western Europe.
- a) -, -
- b) the, the
- 5. ... France and ... Britain are separated by ... Channel.
- a) -, -, -
- b) the, the, the
- c) -, -, the
- 6. Jim has traveled a lot in ... Middle East.
- a) -
- b) the

a) the, the
b) -, -
8 highest mountain in Africa is Kilimanjaro.
a) the, the, the
b) -, -, -
c) the, -, -
9. Next year we are going skiing in Swiss Alps.
a) the
b) –
10 United Kingdom consists of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
a) the, the, the
b) -, -, -
c) the, -, -
11 Everest was first climbed in 1953.
a) the
b) -
12 Milan is in north of Italy.
a) the, the, the
b) the, -, -
c) -, the,-
13 Seychelles are a group of islands in Indian Ocean.
a) -, -
b) the, the
14River Volga flows into Caspian Sea.
a) -, -
b) the, the
15 America was discovered in the 15th century.
a) -
b) the

7. ... Chicago is on ... Lake Michigan.

a) the, the
b) the, -
c) -, the
17. I live in Tverskaya Street.
a) the
b) –
18 Thames flows through London.
a) the, the
b) the, -
c) -, the
19 United Kingdom includes Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
a) the, the
b) -, -, -
c) the, -, -
20. St. Bernard dogs are named after a monastery high up in Alps.
a) the
b) –
21 USA is fourth largest country in world after Russia, Canada and
the Republic of China.
a) the, the, -, -, -,
b) the, -, -, the, the
c) -, the,- , -, -, -
22 English Channel is between Great Britain and France.
a) the, the, the
b) the, -, -
c) -, the,-
23 Trafalgar Square is the geographical centre of London.
a) -, -
b) the, the

16. I went to ... France last year, but I haven't been to ... Netherlands yet.

a) the
b) –
25Everest is highest mountain in world.
a) the, the, the
b) -, the, the
c) -, the,-
26 West End is the symbol of wealthy and luxurious life.
a) the
b) –
27 Pacific is largest ocean on our planet.
a) the, the
b) the, -
c) -, the
28. Have you ever been to Bolshoi Theatre.
a) the
b) –
29. Does Mark speak Spanish?
a) the, the
b) -, -
30. Show me Canary Islands on this map, please.
a) -
b) the
31. How much does it cost to stay at Grand Hotel?
a) the
b) –
32. I've made up my mind to go to Black Sea next summer.
a) the, the
b) the, -
c) -, the

24. Would you like to go to ... Kremlin?

33 Lake Baikal is the deepest one in world.
a) the, the
b) the, -
c) -, the
34. Every morning during breakfast bagpipes are played outside the Queen's dining
room in Buckingham Palace.
a) the
b) –
35 Urals are old and not very high.
a) the
b) –
36 Smiths have a dog and a cat.
a)
b) The
c) A
37. He knows how to work on computer.
a) a
b) an
c)
38. She was the first woman to swim across English Channel.
a) a
b)
c) the
39. Go down Kingston Street and turn left into Oxford Street.
a) the
b) a
c)
40. I don't like milk in tea.
a)
b) the
c) a

41. At the end of... busy day, sleep is the best way to restore your energy. a) the b) a c) ... 42. We'll go for a walk if ... weather is fine. a) a b) ... c) the 43. Could you give me ... information I asked for in my letter? a) the b) ... c) a 44. ... war is a terrible thing. a) The b) ... c) A 45. I spent ... very interesting holiday in England. a) the b) a c) ...

МНОЖЕСТВЕННОЕ ЧИСЛО СУЩЕСТВИТЕЛЬНЫХ

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Образуйте множественное число существительных.

Branch, tutor, safe, leaf, university, key, language, class, life, knife, chief, roof, box, party, glass, change, speech, dictionary, rule, story, family, country, bus, library, leader, man, businessman, mouse, woman, child, match, foot, ministry, schoolchild, mother-in-law, day, house, lecture, hobby, information, gentleman, word, grown-up, man-of-war.

Упражнение 2. Поставьте следующие существительные во множественное число, обращая внимание на артикли.

A star, a mountain, a tree, a shilling, a king, the waiter, the queen, a man, the man, a woman, the woman, an eye, a shelf, a box, the city, a boy, a goose, the watch, a mouse, a dress, a toy, the sheep, a tooth, a child, the ox, a deer, the life, a tomato.

Упражнение 3. Поставьте следующие существительные во множественное число (не забудьте, что перед множественным числом неопределенный артикль нужно опустить).

A pen, a class, a story, a road, a day, a cat, a bush, a desk, a table, a plate, a fox, a room, a lady, a knife, a chair, a bus, a hero, a match, a way, a house, a family, a flag, a town, a wolf, a country, a lion, a park, a play, a dictionary, a thief, a key.

Упражнение 4. Поставьте следующие существительные во множественное число (обратите внимание на артикли: неопределенный артикль во множественном числе опускается, определенный артикль сохраняется).

A baby, a plant, a lemon, a peach, a banana, a brush, a star, a mountain, a tree, a shilling, a king, the waiter, the queen, a man, the man, a woman, the woman, an eye, a shelf, a box, the city, a boy, a goose, the watch, a mouse, a dress, a toy, the sheep, a tooth, a child, the ox, a deer, the life, a tomato, a secretary, a crowd, the airport, a theatre, the tornado, a shop, the tragedy.

Упражнение 5. Поставьте следующие словосочетания во множественное число.

This magazine, that sticker, this stamp, that sandwich, this poster, this teacup, this egg, that wall, that picture, this foot, that mountain, this lady, that window, this man, that match, this knife, this book, this family, this pie, that answer, that apartment, that teacher, that comedy.

Упражнение 6. Поставьте следующие предложения во множественное число.

1. This is a spider. 2. That is a snail. 3. This is a space film. 4. That is a cartoon. 5. This is a star. 6. This is a boy. 7. This is a baby. 8. That is a plate. 9. That is a flower. 10. That is a bookshelf. 11. Is this a sofa? 12. Is this a bookcase? 13. Is this a man? 14. Is that a ball? 15. Is that a train? 16. Is that a plane? 17. Is the window open? 18. Is the door closed? 19. Is the boy near the window? 20. That is not a king. 21. That is not a queen. 22. That is not a bus. 23. This isn't a mountain. 24. That isn't a goose. 25. This isn't a mouse. 26. It is a sheep. 27. It is a cigarette. 28. It is a cat. 29. It is not a girl. 30. It isn't a bag. 31. It isn't a tree. 32. It is not a bad *egg.* 33. It is a good *egg.* 34. Is that a flower?

Упражнение 7. Поставьте следующие предложения во множественное число.

1. This cup is dirty. 2. That biscuit was tasty. 3. This hotel is very expensive but it's very nice. 4. There is a children's playground in the park. 5. That is a new supermarket in our town. 6. It's a delicious lemon pie for dessert. 7. It's a nice cotton dress for my niece. 8. This man is an engineer. 9. That woman is my sister. 10. This child is my son. 11. That goose is big. 12. This mouse is white. 13. This man is a doctor. 14. That woman is my cousin. She is a teacher. 15. That girl is my niece.

Упражнение 8. Поставьте следующие предложения во множественное число.

1. This phone in the office is out of order. 2. That blouse is made of silk. 3. This is an excellent painting. 4. His book is very popular and it really interests me. 5. It's a difficult word to write. 6. My son is a journalist and he has been very successful. 7. This purse isn't made of leather. 8. That is my neighbour's car. 9. Has he got a camera? 10. It's a new cassette recorder. 11. This room is very large. 12. There is a match in the box. 13. Has this lady got a knife? 14. There is a man and a woman in the street. 15. This lady is that gentleman's wife. 16. This shoe is too large for my

foot. 17. The child is sitting on a bench. 18. My tooth is white. 19. This key is made of steel. 20. A potato is a vegetable and a cherry is a fruit. 21. This is my friend's study.

Упражнение 9. Поставьте следующие предложения во множественное число.

1. This is my stocking. 2. He has a new suit. 3. This metal is very hard. 4. That ship is a Russian one. 5. I heard her voice. 6. His dog does not like bread. 7. The plate was on the table. 8. This town isn't very large. 9. I was talking to her at the tram stop yesterday. 10. Is that girl your sister? 11.1 shall give you my book. 12. This story will be a good one. 13. Is this a good match? 14. The boy put his book on the desk. 15. She took off her hat. 16. That house is new. 17. The young man put his hand in his pocket. 18. Is this student coming with us, too? 19. The woman didn't say anything. 20. Does she speak English? 21. The police officer has caught the thief. 22. He is holding the child hostige.

Упражнение 10. Поставьте следующие предложения во множественное число.

1. It's a very difficult question to answer. 2.1 think I'll have that cake on the right. 3. Look at that pumpkin! It's the biggest one I've seen this year. 4. Is this your scarf? 5. That was a cookie jar. 6. What is that child's name? 7. The cat has caught a mouse. 8. There was a lady, a gentleman, a boy, and a girl in the room. 9. In the farmyard we could see an ox, a sheep, a cow, and a goose. 10. Is this worker an Englishman or a German? — He is a Frenchman. 11. Why don't you eat this potato? 12. This strawberry is still green. 13. The withered leaf has fallen to the ground. 14. Can you see a bird in that tree? 15. Does your tooth still ache? 16. I held up my foot to the fire to warm it. 17. His child studies very well. 18. This man works at our office. 19. There is a new house in our street. 20. This story is very interesting. 21. I have hurt my foot. 22. The wolf has been shot. 23. He keeps his toy in a box. 24. Put this knife on that table.

Упражнение 11. Поставьте следующие предложения во множественное число.

1. This is a bird. 2. Is that also a bird? — No, it isn't. That is a cat. 3. Is that a good horse? — Yes, it is. 4. Is that cow big or small? — It is big. 5. This is an apple and that is a flower. 6. Where is the coin? — It is in the box. 7. What colour is the box? — It is green. 8. What is it made of? — It is made of wood. 9. What is that man? — He is a clerk. 10. Is he in the office? — Yes, he is. 11. Is that woman a typist? — No, she isn't. — What is she? — She is a doctor. 12. Is his brother at home? — Yes, he is. 13. This house has a balcony looking out on the street. 14. The architecture of this building is quite modern. 15. This is a new district of St. Petersburg. 16. There is a shop, a cinema and a theatre in the new district. 17. He is a retired worker. 18. I am a doctor. 19. We hear the sounds of a child's voice. 20. She is a nice girl.

Тесты

Make plural form

- 1. a baby
- a) babys
- b) babies
- 2. a pencil
- a) penciles
- b) pencils
- 3. a man
- a) man
- b) men
- c) mans
- 4. an umbrella
- a) umbrellas
- b) umbrellaes
- c) umbrells
- 5. a boy
- a) boys

- b) boies
- c) boyes
- 6. a city
- a) citys
- b) cities
- c) cityes
- 7. a mouse
- a) mouses
- b) mice
- c) mouss
- 8. a postman
- a) postmans
- b) postman
- c) postmen
- 9. a fox
- a) fox
- b) foxes
- c) foxs
- 10. an ox
- a) ox
- b) oxes
- c) oxen
- 11. money
- a) moneys
- b) -
- c) moneies
- 12. a fish
- a) fish
- b) fishes
- c) fishs

- 13. a knife
- a) knifes
- b) knifs
- c) knives
- 14. a watch
- a) watshes
- b) watchs
- c) watch
- 15. an address
- a) -
- b) addresses
- c) address
- 16. a child
- a) childs
- b) childes
- c) children
- a foot
- a) foots
- b) footes
- c) feet
- 18. jeans
- a) jeans
- b) jeanses
- c) jeanss
- 19. a potato
- a) potatoes
- b) potatos
- c) potates
- 20. a photo
- a) photoes

- b) photos
- c) photes
- 21. a roof
- a) roofs
- b . rooves
- c) roofes
- 22. a toothbrush
- a) teethbrush
- b) toothbrushes
- c) teethbrushes
- 23. a boy friend
- a) boys friends
- b) boy friends
- c) boys friend
- 24. a passer by
- a) passers-by
- b) passer-bys
- c) passer-bies
- 25. a sheep
- a) sheep
- b) sheeps
- c) sheepes
- 26. advice
- a) advices
- b) advises
- c). –
- 27. a mother-in-law
- a) mother-in-laws
- b) mothers-in-laws
- c) mothers-in law

- 28. news
- a) newses
- b) news
- c) pieces of news

МЕСТОИМЕНИЯ

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Употребите личную или притяжательную форму личных местоимений.

1) (Our, we) task is to master English. 2) I often see (they, them) in the park. 3) My friend sends (I, me) many letters. 4) His brother knows (you, your) well. 5) Don't ask (he, him) about it. 6) The teacher greets (we, us) every morning. 7) She lives near (we, us). 8) (We, us) always walk to work together. 9) She sits near (I, me) during the lesson. 10) Your son studies together with (she, her), doesn't he? 11)1 seldom speak with (he, him) about it. 12) Please, give (I, me) my notebook. 13) Mary goes to a dance, and Henry goes with (she, her). 14) He telephones to (she, her) every day and tells (she, her) the news. 15) She knows (I, me). 16) He speaks English to (we, us), and (we, us) speak English to (he, him).

Упражнение 2. Замените пропуски соответствующими притяжательными местоимениями.

1) Mr. Wilson is in ... office now. 2) Carol and John teach ... children music. 3) She likes ... new profession very much. 4) Paul keeps ... books in the book-case. 5) I usually go to see ...friends in the evening. 6) Do you help ... parents? 7) The film is interesting, but I don't remember ... title. 8) Mary does ... work well. 9) I know her cousins. ... names are Paul and Ann. 10) We often take ... children to this park.

Упражнение 3. Заполните пропуски местоимениями many, much, few, little.

1) He knows.... languages. 2) Please, don't make so ... noise. 3) Jan hasn't ... friends in London. 4) I don't like ... butter on my bread. 5) Your homework is better; you have ... mistakes. 6) There is not... harm in it. 7) He reads8) Philip is a bad student. He

plays ... and studies.... 9) I have.... things to do, but.... days to finish them. 10) Lucille has ... money and ... sense.

Упражнение 4. Заполните пропуски местоимениями some, any или no. Переведите предложения на русский язык.

1) He made ... mistakes in his dictation. 2) I don't have ... money with me. 3) Please, give me ... more coffee. - I am sorry, but there isn't ... more coffee. 4) She translated ... articles into English. 5) Give me ... time to think about it. 6) Do you know ... other languages? 7) She wants ... new dresses. 8) My grandmother does not watch ... programmes on TV. 9) He drank ... whisky and left the bar. 10) He found ... new words in this lesson.

Упражнение 5. Заполните пропуски местоимениями something, anything, nothing или everything.

1. The investigator was going to find out ... interesting from the witnesses. 2. I could see ...: it was dark. 3. I didn't take any money with me, so I couldn't buy 4. Give me ... to read, please. – With pleasure. 5. I understand ... now. Thank you for your explanation. 6. Is there ... that you want to tell me? 7. It was clear that ... had happened. 8. The witness knows ... about the accident. 9. He found ... interesting there. 10. Have you packed ...?

Упражнение 6. Заполните пропуски местоимениями something, anything, nothing или everything.

1. I forgave.... 2. ... interrupted their conversation. 3. I can't hear.... 4. ... was ready for the talks. 5. There's ... very important in today's newspaper. 6. I can't suggest ... else, I'm afraid. 7. Have you got ... else to ask me while I'm here? 8. Nobody has ... against your suggestions. 9. There's ... interesting on the educational programme this evening. 10. ... he said was true. 11. I don't know ... else.

Упражнение 7. Заполните пропуски местоимениями somebody, anybody, nobody или everybody.

1. Has ... in this group got a dictionary? 2. The question was so difficult that ... could answer it. 3. I saw ... in the train yesterday who looked like you. 4. Is there ... in your group who lives in the dormitory? 5. ... can answer this question. It is very easy. 6 She suddenly felt ... touch her on her shoulder. 7. You can talk to ... you like. 8. A burglar is ... who breaks into house and steals things. 9. A shoplifter is ... who steals from a shop. 10. ... by the name Petrov lives here.

Упражнение 8. Заполните пропуски местоимениями somebody, anybody, nobody или everybody.

1. ... was reading in the hall-room. 2. Does ... mind if I smoke? 3. There's ... at the door. Can you go and see who it is? 4. He left the house without saying anything to ... 5. This is a No Parking area. ... who parks their car here will have to pay a fine. 6. I don't mind who you talk to. You can talk to ... 7. ... came to visit me when I was in hospital. 8. The bus was completely empty. There wasn't ... on it. 9. The accident looked serious but fortunately ... was injured. 10. ... looks tired today.

Упражнение 9. Заполните пропуски местоимениями производными от some, any, no, every.

1. Did you hear ... about this film? 2. If you have ... against me, speak out. 3. There isn't ... interesting in the newspaper today. 4. Does he see ... in the room? 5. ... is ready. 6. There is ... in the next room. 7. Did you say ...? – No, I said.... 8. She will tell us ... about her work. 9. Please, give me ... interesting to read. 10. Ask ... to help you in this work.

Упражнение 10. Заполните пропуски местоимениями somewhere, anywhere, nowhere или everywhere.

1. Did you go ... last night? 2. I want to go ... else. 3. I put my dictionary ... yesterday and now I can't find it.... — Of course, that is because you leave your

books.... 3. You must go ... next summer. 4. Did you go ... on Sunday? 5. Let's go.... The weather is fine. I don't want to stay at home in such weather. 5. I cannot find my glasses.... I always put them ... and then look for them for hours. 6.I didn't go7. Have you seen my car keys ...?

	<u>Тесты</u>
1	am your new teacher.
1.	I
2.	He
3.	We
2. Tl	nat is Mr. Smith. Can you see well?
1.	us
2.	him
3.	me
3. M	y children are very nice guys. But sometimes are so naughty.
1.	they
2.	you
3.	she
4. M	y pupils are so noisy, that I have to keep an eye on
1.	your
2.	her
3.	them
5. D	o you like beer? – No, I hate
1.	them
2.	him
3.	it
6. O	ur math teacher is very strict. We are afraid of
1.	she
2.	her
3.	it

7. My	father likes to go fishing. I often join
1.	he
2.	him
3.	it
8. Ma	rtha and Jane are good friends. People like
1.	her
2.	she
3.	them
9. Thi	is information is top secret. So, naturally, everybody is interested in
1.	him
2.	it
3.	he
10. O	ur friends are taking a serious exam tomorrow. We wish luck.
1.	us
2.	them
3.	him
11. W	Thy is this baby crying? Could you do something to calm?
1.	him
2.	her
3.	it
12. Y	ou have bad teeth. You should clean twice a day.
1.	it
2.	us
3.	them
13. If	the news is bad, I don't want hear right now.
1.	them
2.	it
14. Y	ou may count on any time.
1.	she
2.	we
3.	us

15. C	all on our office and shall help you without any delay.		
1.	we		
2.	she		
3.	us		
16. Je	enny likes Ted, but don't tell		
1.	he		
2.	him		
17. G	ive it to, please.		
1.	I		
2.	we		
3.	me		
18. M	Iary asked not to call after 10 p.m., because the child is asleep.		
1.	she		
2.	her		
19. T	he Smiths go hiking every weekend do it with pleasure.		
1.	they		
2.	them		
20	is so nice breathe in fresh mountain air.		
1.	he		
2.	she		
3.	it		
21. Is	s a library at your office?		
1.who	ere		
2. the	2. there		
3. anywhere			
4. somewhere			
5. nowhere			
22 children don't like to play football.			
1. some			
2. no			

3. any 4. anybody 5. somebody 23. My sister works ... 1. many 2. much 3. some 4. not many 5. none 24. There was ... in the room. 1. somebody 2. somewhere 3. anybody 4. anything 5. some 25. Let ... tell his friends about his city. 1. his 2. him 3. he 4.her 5.she 26. I can't see ... on my table. 1. nothing 2. nobody 3. anything 4. anywhere 5. somewhere 27. What is this? ... is my exercise-book. 1. it

2. these

- 3. those
- 4. they
- 5. them

СТЕПЕНИ СРАВНЕНИЯ ПРИЛАГАТЕЛЬНЫХ

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Образуйте сравнительную и превосходную степень следующих прилагательных. Не забудьте употреблять определенный артикль перед превосходной степенью прилагательных.

Hot, long, short, clever, silly, great, red, black, white, thin, thick, fat, nice, warm, cold, merry, small, tall, high, weak, strong, heavy, light, green, dry, clean, dirty, wide, deep, brave.

Упражнение 2. Переведите на английский язык.

Старый, старше, самый старый, самый старший, мой старший брат, мой старый друг, дальше, самый дальний, самый длинный, короче, счастливый, счастливее, самый счастливый, самый лучший, самый черный, длиннее, хуже, лучше, теплее, ее лучший друг, ее младший сын, его старший сын.

Упражнение 3. Переведите следующие предложения на английский язык.

- 1. а. Я знаю интересную историю.
- б. Он знает более интересную историю.
- в. Она знает самую интересную историю.
- 2. а. Это длинный путь.
- б. Это более длинный путь.
- в. Это самый длинный путь.
- 3. а. Ее работа очень важна.
- б. Его работа важнее.
- в. Моя работа самая важная.
- 4. а. Это плохая песня.
- б. Это еще более плохая песня.

- в. Это самая плохая песня.
- 5. а. Он хороший инженер.
- б. Он более хороший инженер.
- в. Он самый лучший инженер.
- 6. а. Он принес ей красивый цветок.
- б. Он принес ей более красивый цветок.
- в. Он принес ей самый красивый цветок.
- 7. а. Он рассказал нам о счастливом человеке.
- б. Он рассказал нам о более счастливом человеке.
- в. Он рассказал нам о самом счастливом человеке.

Упражнение 4. Раскройте скобки, употребляя требующуюся форму прилагательного.

1. — How do you like Sweet Orange Marmalade, Mrs. Johnson? — I think it's (delicious). It's much (delicious) than the marmalade I usually buy. — We agree with you, Mrs. Johnson. We think Sweet Orange Marmalade is (delicious) marmalade in the world. 2. The rivers in America are much (big) than those in England. 3. The island of Great Britain is (small) than Greenland. 4. What is the name of the (high) mountain in Asia? 5. The English Channel is (wide) than the Straits of Gibraltar. 6 Russia is a very (large) country. 7. Which is (large): the United States or Canada? 8. What is the "name of the (big) port in the United States? 9. Moscow is the (large) city in Russia. 10. The London underground is the (old) in the world. 11. There is a (great) number of cars and buses in the streets of Moscow than in any other city of Russia. 12. St. Petersburg is one of the (beautiful) cities in the world.

Упражнение 5. Переведите следующие предложения на русский язык.

1. English is as difficult as German. 2. My composition is not as long as yours. 3. It isn't as warm today as it was yesterday. 4. The house his aunt lives in is as old as the one his uncle lives in. 5. His apartment isn't as elegant as her apartment, but it's much bigger. 6. Johnny isn't as rich as Don but he is younger and much happier. 7. My dog

isn't as friendly as your dog. 8. You can eat as much as you like. 9. A football match isn't as exciting as a hockey match. 10. The hotel isn't as cheap as we expected. 11. His songs aren't as popular as the Beatles songs. 12. Her brother is as intelligent as his wife.

Упражнение 6. Вставьте <u>as ... as</u> или <u>so ... as</u>.

1. Mike is ... tall ... Pete. 2. Kate is not ... nice ... Ann. 3. My room is ... light ... this one. 4. This book is not ... thin ... that one. 5. Sergei is ... old ... Michael. 6. She is ... young ... Tom's brother. 7. This woman is ... good ... that one. 8. Nick's English is not ... good ... his friend's. 9. I am not ... tall ... Pete. 10. This woman is ... young ... that one. 11. I am ... thin ... you. 12. Kate is ... lazy ... her brother. 13. This child is not ... small ... that one.

Упражнение 7. Раскройте скобки, употребляя требующуюся форму прилагательного.

1. We should eat (healthy) food. 2. Today the streets aren't as (clean) as they used to be. 3. It's (bad) mistake he has ever made. 4. This man is (tall) than that one. 5. Asia is (large) than Australia. 6. The Volga is (short) than the Mississippi. 7. Which building is the (high) in Moscow? 8. Mary is a (good) student than Lucy. 9. The Alps are (high) than the Urals. 10. This garden is the (beautiful) in our town. 11. She speaks Italian (good) than English. 12. Is the word "newspaper" (long) than the word "book"? 13. The Thames is (short) than the Volga. 14. The Arctic Ocean is (cold) than the Indian Ocean. 15. Chinese is (difficult) than English. 16. Spanish is (easy) than German. 17. She is not so (busy) as I am. 18. It is as (cold) today as it was yesterday.

Упражнение 8. Раскройте скобки, употребляя требующуюся форму прилагательного.

1. Her eyes are (grey) than mine. 2. He was the (fat) man in the village. 3. As he went on, the box became (heavy) and (heavy). 4. My sister is the (tall) girl in her class. 5.

Who is the (attentive) student in your group? 6. It is autumn. Every day the air becomes (cold), the leaves (yellow). 7. This is the (beautiful) view I have ever seen in my life. 8. Your handwriting is now (good) than it was last year; but still it is not so (good) as Nick's handwriting. Nick has a (good) handwriting than you. And of course Nellie has the (good) handwriting of all. 9. Oil is (light) than water. 10. We shall wait for a (dry) day to go on the excursion. 11. A bus is (fast) than a tram. 12. Take some of these sweets: they are very (nice). They are (nice) than the sweets in that box. 13. He clearly did not like the explanation, and as he listened to it, he became (angry) and (angry). 14. He worked (hard) and (hard) as the end of the term came nearer. 15. The (tall) trees in the world grow in California. 16. Please be (careful) next time and don't spill the milk again. 17. Bobby was a (quiet) child. He was (quiet) than his sister.

Упражнение 9. Переведите следующие предложения на английский язык.

1.Это самая ценная картина в Русском музее. 2. Мой компьютер не такой новый, как компьютер моего друга. 3. Наши экзамены гораздо труднее, чем ваши. 4. Здание Московского университета самое высокое в столице. 5. Наш город не такой большой, как Киев, но он такой же красивый. 6. Невский проспект — одна из самых красивых улиц Санкт-Петербурга. 7. Кто самый младший ученик в нашей группе? — Петров. Но он самый высокий. 8. Грамматика английского языка трудная, но английское произношение труднее. 9. Магазины на нашей улице больше, чем магазины на вашей улице. 10. Наш телевизор такой же хороший, как этот. 11. Эта комната светлее той. 12. Погода сегодня хуже, чем вчера. Сегодня холоднее, и идет дождь. 13. Моя комната не такая большая, как комната моей подруги, но она светлее и теплее. 14. Какая из этих книг самая интересная? 15. Ноябрь — не такой холодный месяц, как январь. 16. Мой отец — очень занятой человек. 17. Крым — одно из самых лучших мест для отдыха. 18. Сегодня он чувствует себя гораздо лучше.

Упражнение 10. Образуйте сравнительную и превосходную степени от данных прилагательных.

Hot, small, happy, expensive, bad

Упражнение 11. Составьте предложения, используя сравнительную степень прилагательных.

Пример: Horse/big/dog – A horse is bigger than a dog.

1.Mary/polite/Ann 2. Car/fast/bike 3. English/easy/German 4. Sam/tall/John 5. Your ring/beautiful/mine

Упражнение 12. Поставьте прилагательные в скобках в превосходную степень.

1.Everest is...(high) mountain in the world. 2. A whale is...(big) animal on our planet. 3. He is the...(good) student in our class. 4. This is...(interesting) story by Dickens. 5. I am...(happy) man in the world.

Упражнение 13. Исправьте ошибки в предложениях.

1.He is the most oldest student in his group. 2.You are taller then me. 3. My car is beter than his. 4. It is one of most beautiful lakes in the world. 5. These flowers are more cheap than those ones.

Упражнение 14. Поставьте прилагательное в скобках в нужную форму.

1. The Volga is...(long) river in Europe. 2. Life in the country is...(relaxing) than in the city. 3. He is one of...(rich) people in the world. 4. My house is...(modern) than yours. 5. The weather today is...(good) than it was yesterday.

<u>Тесты</u>

- 1. I met my (good) friend yesterday.
- a) goodest
- b) better
- c) best

- 2. Dorothy is (young) in her family. a) the youngest b) the younger c) young 3. Henry is not (strong) his elder brother Bob. a) so strong as b) strong as c) stronger 4. - It isn't very warm today, is it? - No, it was (warm) yesterday. a) more warm b) warmer c) the warmest 5. Your friend looked upset yesterday. I'm glad he looks (happy) today: a) more happy b) happier c) happy as 6. Where is (near) post - office, please? a) the nearest b) the next c) nearer 7. That's (good) film I've ever seen.
- a) a good
- b) the goodest
- c) the best
- 8. Public transport in London is (expensive) in Europe.
- a) the expensivest
- b) the most expensive
- c) more expensive
- 9. Do you think Americans are (nice) English people?
- a) nicer than

- b) the nicestc) nice than10. The 22nd of December is (short) day in the year.a) the shortb) the shorter
- c) the shortest
- 11. This is (old) theatre in London.
- a) an older
- b) the oldest
- c) the eldest
- 12. Pluto is (cold) of all the planets.
- a) the coldest
- b) a coldest
- c) a colder
- 13. My (old) sister doesn't live with us.
- a) older
- b) elder
- 14. This house is (old) of all the houses in the street.
- a) as old as
- b) older
- c) the oldest
- 15. Go to the library if you need (far) information.
- a) farther
- b) further
- c) farer
- 16. Life is (easy) it used to be.
- a) so easy as
- b) more easy than
- c) easier than

- 17. I'm getting (fat) and (fat).
- a) the fattest and the fattest
- b) fatter and fatter
- c) fat and fat
- 18. The problem was (serious) we expected.
- a) seriouser than
- b) more serious than
- 19. Moscow is (large) city in Russia,
- a) the largest
- b) largest
- c). larger
- 20. Let's go by train. It's much (cheap).
- a). cheap
- b). cheaper
- c). the cheapest
- 21. Is Alan (tall) than Jim?
- a) taller
- b) tall
- c) as tall as
- 22.I earn (little) money than he does.
- a) Hitler
- b) more little
- c) less
- 23. He has ... time than me.
- a) bigger
- b) much
- c) more
- 24. Your cottage isn't (far) I thought
- a) farther
- b) so far as

- c) as farther as
- 25. (Old) I get, (happy) I am
- a) The oldest, the happiest
- b) Older, happier
- c) The older, the happier
- 26. The grass is always (green) on the other side.
- a) greener
- b) green
- 27. Dad often says that Mum is his (good) half.
- a) good
- b) better
- c) the better
- 28. Russia is ... than France.
- a) more bigger
- b) far bigger
- c) the biggest
- 29. The boy was running ... fas t... he could.
- a) as ... as
- b) so ... as
- c). more ... than
- 30. It was ... story I had ever heard.
- a) the most tragic
- b) the more tragic
- c) a most tragic
- 31. Claire is Helen's ... sister; out of the two, she is
- a) older, the smartest
- b) elder, the smarter
- c) oldest, smarter
- 32. Mary is ... than I am and she is... most interesting person.
- a) elder; the

b) older; a
c) the oldest; —
33. William is than all the other students in the group.
a) the cleverest
b) more clever
c) cleverer
34. This text is than the one we read last week.
a) much more amusing
b) far more amusing
c) the most amusing
35. Jack felt and asked for permission to leave.
a) sickly
b) bad
c) unwell
36. My friends arrived at the station sooner
a) as me
b) than I did
c) than I
37. The rate of inflation this year was not high it was last year.
a) as as
b) so as
c) so that
38. The museum was from his college than from mine, so it took me time to get
there.
a) further; least
b) farther; less
c)far; the least
39. It was music I have ever heard.
a) more beautiful
b) less beautiful

c) the most beautiful
d) beautiful
e) most beautiful
40. "Has the chief given any instructions?" he inquired.
a) farther
b) further
c) furthest
41. The fish smelt so that we couldn't eat it.
a) badly
b) bad
c) unwell
42. John has been working at his English than before, especially
a) more harder; of late
b) much harder; lately
c) more hardly; late
43. I have time than he does.
a) bigger
b) larger
c) most
d) less
e) least
43. Your English is much now. You've made mistakes this time.
a) best / least
b) better / less
c) the best / less
d) good / less
e) best / the least
44. Please, tell me something than this old joke.
a) interesting
b) less interesting

c) more interesting
d) the most interesting
e) the least interesting
45. It is much to speak English than to understand.
a) -
b) the most difficult
c) more difficult
d) difficult
e) most difficult
46. He is among his classmates.
a) old
b) taller
c) the youngest
d) short
e) higher
47. I make mistakes now than last year.
a) few
b) fewer
c) -
d) the fewest
e) fewest
48. It is and to live here than there.
a) warm / most pleasant
b) warmer / pleasant
c) warmest / pleasanter
d) warmer / more pleasant
e) warm / more pleasant
49. Which is country in the UK?
a) industrial
b) the most industrial

c) more industrial d) most industrial e) industrial 50. The you start, the you'll finish. a) soon / more quickly b) sooner / more quickly c) sooner / quickly d) soon / quickly e) more sooner / more quickly 51. New York is the ... city in the USA. a) most large b) larger c) large d) largest e) much largest 52. Who is your ... friend? a) goodest b) best c) better d) more better e) most

ГЛАГОЛЫ ТО BE, ТО HAVE

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Раскройте скобки и поставьте глагол to be в Present Simple.

1. I (to be) a freshman (first-year student). 2. But my friend (not to be). 3. He (not to be) a fresh man, he (to be) a schoolboy. 4. I (to be) in Minsk. 5. But my mother (not to be). 6. She (to be) in Moscow. 7. My father (be) a former driver. 8. We (to be) at the English lesson, but our fellow-students (not to be). 9. They (no to be) at the English lesson 10. They (to be) at the lecture on History of Russia. 11. You (to be) in the classroom. 12. But they (not to be). 13. I (to be) self sufficient. 14. But my friend

(not to be). 15. He (to be) a bit shy. 16. You (to be) detailed -oriented. 17. You (not to be) a future teacher. 18. I (to be) self -determined. 19. But my girl friend (not to be).

Упражнение 2. Раскройте скобки и поставьте глагол to be в Present Simple.

1. I (to be) a freshman of Law University. 2. That instrument (to be) of metal. 3. Training at our university (to be) difficult, but interesting. 4. You (to be) a former serviceman? 5. My fellow-students (not to be) at the English lesson. 6. They (to be) at the lecture?

Упражнение 3. Употребите оборот there is / there are в следующих предложениях. Переведите их на русский язык.

1) There (is, are) different types of fruit 2) There (is, are) two large windows in the room. But there (is, are) only one door. 3) There (is, are) no one at home. 4) There (was, were) no traces of crime there. 5) There (is, are) some mistakes in the sentence. 6) There (is, are) a swimming pool near our house. 7) There (is, are) a table in the corner of the room. 8) There (is, are) some Masters of Biology there. 9) There (is, are) a new grammar rule in Lesson 9.

Упражнение 4. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Я родился 7 июля 2002 г. 2. В прошлом году я был курьером в Москве. 3. Но три года тому назад я был учеником средней школы (а high school student). 4. Я был неплохим учеником. 5. Мне особенно хорошо давались (to be especially good at) история и литература. 6. Но мне не давался английский язык. 7. Английский язык был для меня очень трудным. 8. Знать английский язык сейчас совершенно необходимо (to be quite necessary). 9. Это один из важных языков мира. 10. Английский язык является государственным (official) языком в 49 странах мира. 11. Было интересно поговорить по-английски на последнем занятии. 12. Моя задача — овладеть (to master) английским языком в моем институте.

Упражнение 5. Вставьте глагол to be в Present Simple.

1. What ... your name? — My name ... Shirley Frank. 2. What ... your address? — My address ... 175 Grand Central Parkway. 3. What... your phone number? — My phone number ... 718-1930. 4. Where ... you from? — I ... from New York. 5.I ... a pupil. 6. My father ... not a teacher, he ... a scientist. 7. ... your aunt a doctor? — Yes, she 8. ... they at home? — No, they ... not at home, they ... at work. 9. My brother ... a worker. He ... at work. 10. ... you an engineer? — Yes, I 11. ... your sister a typist? — No, she ... not a typist, she ... a student. 12. ... your brother at school? — Yes, he 13. ... your sister at school? — No, she ... not at school. 14. My sister ... at home. 15. ... this your watch? — Yes, it 16. She ... an actress. 17. This ... my bag. 18. My uncle ... an office worker. 19. He ... at work. 20. Helen ... a painter. She has some fine pictures. They ... on the walls. She has much paper. It ... on the shelf. The shelf ... brown. It ... on the wall. Helen has a brother. He ... a student. He has a family. His family ... not in St. Petersburg, it ... in Moscow.

Упражнение 6. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глагол to be в Present Simple.

1. Как тебя зовут? — Меня зовут Аня. 2. Какой твой адрес? — Мой адрес: Оксфорд Стрит, 45. 3. Откуда ты родом? (... приехала?) — Я из Лондона. 4. Кто он (на фотографии)? — Это мой отец. 5. Как его зовут? — Его зовут Джон. 6. Где он? — Он в Лондоне. 7. Я Лена, а это Коля. Он мой брат. Ему 10 лет, а мне 12 лет. Мы из Петербурга. 8. Я ученик. Я в школе. 9. Мой брат — художник. Он не инженер. 10. Моя сестра на работе. Она врач. 11. Он студент. 12. Вы студент? — Нет, я врач. 13. Моя сестра дома. 14. Мы не в школе. Мы дома. 15. Мой брат — ученик. Он в школе. 16. Ваша мама дома? — Нет, она на работе. 17. Ваш двоюродный брат дома? — Нет, он в школе. Он ученик. 18. Ваша сестра — учительница? — Нет, она студентка. 19. Твой папа на работе? — Нет, он дома. 20. Твоя сестра — машинистка? — Да. — Она дома? — Нет, она на работе. 21. Мой дедушка — ученый. 22. Моя мама — не учительница. Она врач.

Упражнение 7. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глагол to be в Present Simple.

1. Меня зовут Катя. 2. Мне 14 лет. 3. Я русская. Я из Санкт-Петербурга. 4. Я ученица. 5. Мой любимый вид спорта — теннис. 6. Я интересуюсь музыкой. 7. Мой любимый предмет — английский язык. 8. Мой папа — программист. Он не интересуется политикой. 9. Моя мама — зубной врач. Она интересуется искусством. 10. Мы всегда заняты, но мы очень счастливы быть вместе. 11. Чья это ручка? — Это моя ручка. 12. Чья это книга? — Это ваша книга. 13. Чей это стол? — Это стол моего брата. 14. Чья это сумка? — Это сумка моей мамы. 15. Чей это карандаш? — Это карандаш моей сестры. 16. Это твоя тетрадь? — Да. 17. Это тетрадь твоего брата? — Нет, это моя тетрадь. 18. Где ваш стол? — Он посередине комнаты. 19. Где твоя ручка? — Она в моем кармане. 20. Где твоя тетрадь? — Она на столе. 21. Где твоя мама? — Она на работе. 22. Где твой брат? — Он в школе. 23. Где твоя сестра? — Она дома. 24. Чей это карандаш? — Это мой карандаш. — А где мой карандаш? — Он на столе. 25. Чьи это часы? — Это мои часы. — А где мои часы? — Они на столе.

Упражнение 8. Вставьте глагол to be в Present Simple.

1. Where ... you? — I... in the kitchen. 2. Where ... Fred? — He ... in the garage. 3. Where ... Lisa and John? — They .. at college. 4. ... you busy? — No, I... not. Mike ... busy. He ... the busiest person I've ever met. 5. It... ten o'clock. She ... late again. 6. How ... you? — I ... not very well today. — I ... sorry to hear that. 7. We ... interested in classical music. 8. Vera ... afraid of snakes. 9. My grandmother ... not nervous and she ... rarely upset. She ... the kindest person I've ever seen. My grandmother ... really wonderful. 10. I ... sorry. They ... not at the office at the moment. 11. Where ... the keys? — In your jacket. 12. What... the time, please? — Two o'clock. 13. It ... the biggest meal I've ever had. 14. Which sport do you think ... the most dangerous? 15. Chess and aerobics ... not as exciting as skydiving and figure skating. 16. Debt... the worst kind of poverty. 17. The game ... not worth the candle. 18. Do you have any idea where he ... ? 19. Used cars ... cheaper but less reliable than new cars. 20. What

... the weather forecast for tomorrow? 21. Art ... long, life ... short. 22. You ... the best friend I've ever had. 23. I don't remember what his telephone number 24. Two heads ... better than one. 25. You ... right. That ... a lot of money! Coffee ... very expensive this week.

Упражнение 9. Вставьте глагол to be в Past Simple.

My aunt ... very depressed last Sunday. The weather ... terrible. It ... cold and rainy. Her husband ... not at home. He ... at hospital because he ... sick. Her children ... not at school. They ... not in the yard, they ... in the living room. The TV ... broken. The children ... not only upset, they ... very angry. The neighbours ... not happy because her children ... too noisy.

The house ... not clean. The sink ... broken. There ... dirty dishes on the kitchen table and in the sink. There ... nothing in the fridge. There ... no vegetables for dinner, there ... no juice for her children. There ... not even bread in the house! She ... tired and hungry. She ... just exhausted.

Упражнение 10. Вставьте глагол to be в Present Simple, Past Simple или Future Simple.

1. The students ... in the Russian Museum. 2. Last month they ... in the Hermitage. There ... an interesting exhibition there. 3. In two weeks they ... in the Tretyakov Gallery. They ... lucky. 4. My father ... a teacher. 5. He ... a pupil twenty years ago. 6. I ... a doctor when I grow up. 7. My sister ... not ... at home tomorrow. 8. She ... at school tomorrow. 9. ... you ... at home tomorrow? 10. ... your father at work yesterday? 11. My sister ... ill last week. 12. She ... not ill now. 13. Yesterday we ... at the theatre. 14. Where ... your mother now? — She ... in the kitchen. 15. Where ... you yesterday? — I ... at the cinema. 16. When I come home tomorrow, all my family ... at home. 17. ... your little sister in bed now? — Yes, she 18. ... you ... at school tomorrow? — Yes, I 19. When my granny ... young, she ... an actress. 20. My friend ... in Moscow now. 21. He ... in St. Petersburg tomorrow. 22. Where ... your books now? — They ... in my bag.

Упражнение 11. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глагол to be в Present Simple, Past Simple или Future Simple.

1.Вчера они были в библиотеке. 2. Сейчас они в школе. 3. Завтра они будут в театре. 4. В данный момент его здесь нет. 5. В воскресенье он будет на концерте. 6. В прошлую субботу он был на стадионе. 7. Мой брат сейчас в школе. 8. Мой брат был вчера в кино. 9. Мой брат будет завтра дома. 10. Ты будешь дома завтра? 11. Она была вчера в парке? 12. Он сейчас во дворе? 13. Где папа? 14. Где вы были вчера? 15. Где он будет завтра? 16. Мои книги были на столе. Где они сейчас? 17. Моя мама вчера не была на работе. Она была дома. 18. Мой друг не в парке. Он в школе. 19. Завтра в три часа Коля и Миша будут во дворе. 20. Мы не были на юге прошлым летом. Мы были в Москве. 21. Завтра мой дедушка будет в деревне. 22. Когда твоя сестра будет дома? 23. Ты будешь летчиком? — Нет, я буду моряком. 24. Моя сестра была студенткой в прошлом году, а сейчас она врач. — Ты тоже будешь врачом? — Нет, я не буду врачом. Я буду инженером. 25. Они не были в кино. 26. Они не в школе. 27. Они дома. 28. Вы были в парке вчера? 29. Он был в школе вчера? 30. Он был рабочим. 31. Она была учительницей.

Упражнение 12. . Заполните пропуски глаголом to have.

- 1. I (to have) an uncle. 2. You (to have) an uncle? 3. My friend (not to have) an uncle.
- 4. Last year they (to have) plenty of worries over their children. 5. We (to have) plenty of worries over our children last year? 6. My parents (not to have) worries over my sister last month. 7. She (to have) some problems with her studies next month. 8. You (to have) any problems with your studies next month? 9. Tomorrow they (not to have) English lessons.

Упражнение 13. Заполните пропуски глаголом *to have*.

1. You (*to have*)... any problems? 2. We (*to have*)... only two examinations next term. 3. He (*to have*)... a course of foreign literature at the University. 4. She (*not to have*)...much courses to attend. 5. Yesterday we (*not to have*)... any lectures at all.

Упражнение 14. Поставьте глаголы в отрицательную форму.

1. He had special training course in foreign languages. 2. They will have to take a lot of examinations. 3. I have some French books at home. 4. Nick has many gadgets with him.

Упражнение 15. Задайте вопросы к следующим предложениям.

1. They have some laboratories to equip. 2. I'll have ambitious goals. 3. We had seven tests during the last term.

Упражнение 16. В следующих предложениях найдите и исправьте ошибки.

1. John Pierce always have much work to do. 2. I didn't has much time to equip the laboratory. 3. Will you had any possibility to answer the questions during the lesson?

Упражнение 17. Заполните пропуски глаголом *to have* в соответствующих временных формах.

1. Alex (*to have*)... a new plan. 2. Yesterday our group (*to have*)... nothing to do. 3. In an hour we (*to have*)... the latest news. 4. She (*not to have*)... any possibility to complete this work. 5.We (*to have*)... an important discussion.

Упражнение 18. Поставьте глаголы в отрицательную форму.

1. Timothy has much music download from the Internet. 2. During his studies he was always attentive. 3. I'll have my examination in two weeks. 4 We had common interests. 5. You have difficult entrance examinations.

Упражнение 19. Задайте вопросы к следующим предложениям.

1. She had difficult entrance examinations two days ago. 2. He has English as a favourite subject. 3. Students of our group have a lot of homework every day.

Упражнение 20. В следующих предложениях найдите и исправьте ошибки.

1. I won't had much exams to pass. 2. She have many friends to introduce us. 3. He don't have any courses today. 7. I have an entrance exam yesterday. 8. They had common interests?

<u>Тесты</u>

1. Where you from?
a) is
b) are
c) am
2. How old you? How old your brother?
a) are
b) am
c) is
3. What your aunt's name?
a) am
b) is
c) are
4. I glad to see you. How you?
a) are, am
b) is, are
c) am, are
5. The dog in the garden.
a) am
b) are
c) is
6. Tom's parents travel agents.
a) are
b) is
c) am

7 your father a carpenter? - No, he
a) are, is
b) is, isn't
c) am, aren't
8. John (not) a student, he a doctor.
a) are, are
b) is, is
c) isn't, is
9. That book (not) very interesting. Take this one.
a) isn't
b) aren't
c) am not
10. The best seats 10\$.
a) is
b) am
c) are
11. Moscow the capital of Russia.
a) am
b) is
c) are
12. I hot. Open the window, please.
a) am
b) are
c) is
13. What the weather like today?
a) are
b) is
c) are
14. I (not) interested in football at all.
a) aren't

b) isn't
c) am not
15 Tom and Bob good football players?
a) are
b) is
c) am
16you hungry?
a) is
b) are
c) am
17. The news (not) very bad today.
a) am
b) is
c) are
18. What your parents' address?
a) is
b) are
c) am
19. Your money in your handbag.
a) are
b) is
c) am
20. My father not a teacher, tie a scientist.
a) is, is
b) are, are
c) am, are
21 your aunt a doctor? — Yes, she
a) are, am
b) am, is
c) is, is

22 they at home? — No, they not at home, they at work.
a) is, are, is
b) are, are, are
c) am, is, are
23. My brother a worker. He at work.
a) is, is
b) am, are
c) is, are
24 you an engineer? — Yes, I
a) is, am
b) are, am
c) is, are
25 your sister a typist? — No, she not a typist, she a student.
a) are, are, are
b) is, am, am
c) is, is, is
26 your brother at school? — Yes, he
a) is, is
b) are, am
c) are, are
27 this your watch? — Yes, it
a) are, is
b) is, are
c) is, is
28. My uncle an office-worker.
a) are
b) is
c) am
29. Helen a painter. She has some fine pictures. They on the walls. She has
much paper. It on the shelf. The shelf brown. It on the wall. Helen has a

brother. He ... a student. He has a family. His family ... not in St. Petersburg, it ... in Moscow.

- a) is, are, is, is, is, is, is
- b) are, is, is, is, am, am, am, are
- c) are, am, is, is, is, are, am, are
- 30. I __ a big family. У меня большая семья.
- a) have
- b) has
- c) had
- 31. They __ got many friends. У них много друзей.
- a) has
- b) have
- c) had

PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Раскройте скобки. Поставьте все типы вопросов к одному из предложений.

1. He (to use) computer translation. 2. I (to leave) home at 8 o'clock and (to arrive) at my office at 9. 3. I (to work) at the Crime Laboratory. 4. George (to leave) home before me and (to arrive) at the police station after me. 5. He (to be) in the patrol service there. 6. He (to sit down) and (to read) the papers. 7. He (to smoke) John's cigarettes. 8. I (to think) you (to know) that John (to serve) in the detective division. 9. On Tuesday and Wednesday I (to work) with them in their office. 10. On Friday and Thursday they (to work) with me in my office. 11. George (to leave) at 5. 12. John (to leave) after him. 13. I (to leave) after George but before John. 14. She (not to speak) four languages. 15. They (not to work) very long hours. 16. He (to like) people, but he (not to like) to travel. 17. He (not to travel) a lot in his work. 18. Bobby (not to wear) a hat. 19. He (to wear) a coat. 20. He (to observe) people attentively. 21. Most of his time he (not to walk), he (to run) and (to drive) a car. 22. He (not to use) English dictionary.

Упражнение 2. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present Simple.

(USUALLY) 1. My working day (to begin) at seven o'clock. I (to get) up, (to switch) on the radio and (to do) my morning exercises. It (to take) me fifteen minutes. At half past seven we (to have) breakfast. My father and I (to leave) home at eight o'clock. He (to take) a bus to his factory. My mother (to be) a doctor, she (to leave) home at nine o'clock. In the evening we (to gather) in the living room. We (to watch) TV and (to talk).

2. My sister (to get) up at eight o'clock. 3. She (to be) a schoolgirl. She (to go) to school in the afternoon. 4. Jane (to be) fond of sports. She (to do) her morning exercises every day. 5. For breakfast she (to have) two eggs, a sandwich and a cup of tea. 6. After breakfast she (to go) to school. 7. It (to take) him two hours to do his homework. 8. She (to speak) French well.

Упражнение 3. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present Simple.

(USUALLY) 1. Andrea Schatzmann, an exchange student from Switzerland, (to live) with the Connor family in San Francisco. She (to get) up at 7 am and (to take) a shower. She normally (not to have) breakfast. At half past seven she (to catch) the bus. Her first class (to start) at a quarter past eight. She always (to have) lunch at 12 o'clock in the cafeteria. The cafeteria food (to be) OK and it (to be) cheap too. Her afternoon classes (to be) from 1.15 till 3.00 pm, so she (to be) at school all day. She usually (to have) dinner with the Connors at about 8.00. On Sat-urdays she (to have) lunch at the restaurant. Once a week, usually on Sunday mornings, she (to go) swimming. A few friends usually (to go) along, too. One of her friends has got a car, so he (to pick) them up and then he (to drive) them home. After swimming they often (to go) out for a pizza. On Saturday evenings she sometimes (to go) out with friends to a party or maybe to a concert. Sometimes she (to invite) friends to her house and they (to listen) to music and (to talk). Mr. and Mrs. Connor often (to take) them for a camping weekend to the seaside or to the mountains. From time to time she (to call) her family in Switzerland. They never (to talk) for very long because it (to be) expensive. She usually (to call) on Sundays because it (to be) cheaper then.

2. What time Andrea usually (to get) up? 3. When she (to catch) the bus? 4. She (to take) a shower in the morning? 5. She (to go) home for lunch? 6. When she (to go) swimming? 7. How she (to get) to the pool? 8. What she (to do) on Saturday evenings?

Упражнение 4. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глаголы в Present Simple.

(ОБЫЧНО) 1. Я работаю. 2. Мы работаем. 3. Они не работают. 4. Вы работаете? — Да. 5. Он работает? — Нет. Он учится. 6. Мой брат не учится. Он работает. 7. Ты носишь очки? 8. Вы помогаете людям? 9. Он любит читать сказки? 10. Она любит играть на скрипке? 11. Моя сестра не читает книг. 12. Наша бабушка любит спать на диване. 13. Вы любите отдыхать в кресле? 14. Мы едим и пьем в кухне. 15. Мой брат не любит читать газеты. 16. Мы спим в спальне. 17. Мой брат спит на диване в жилой комнате. 18. Моя сестра одевается перед зеркалом. 19. Мой дядя пишет книги. 20. Мы пишем упражнения в школе. 21. Я трачу свои карманные деньги на мороженое. 22. Он читает все время и не любит смотреть телевизор.

Упражнение 5. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глаголы в Present Simple.

1. Где ты живешь? — Я живу в Москве. 2. Когда у тебя каникулы? — В январе.

- 3. Что тебе больше всего нравится в школе? 4. Мой брат работает в больнице. Он врач. Он встает в двадцать минут восьмого. Он работает утром и днем. Вечером он не работает. Вечером он отдыхает. 5. Твоя сестра говорит пофранцузски? Нет. Она говорит по-немецки, а ее муж говорит по-английски.
- 6. Когда вы встаете? Я встаю без четверти семь. 7. Когда встает твой брат?
- Он встает без двадцати восемь. А твоя сестра тоже встает без двадцати восемь? Нет. Мой брат ходит в школу, а моя сестра не ходит в школу. Она

еще не ученица. Она встает в девять часов. 8. Он не моет руки перед едой. 9.

Этот мальчик свистит в классе. 10. Он не играет ни на каком музыкальном

инструменте. **11.** Но мальчик играет в футбол и любит смотреть мультипликационные фильмы. **12.** Он любит школьные каникулы, особенно летние. **13.** День рождения у мальчика 31 декабря. 14. Поэтому он получает много подарков.

Упражнение 6. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глаголы в Present Simple.

Мой дядя — инженер. Он очень занят. Его рабочий день начинается рано утром. Он встает в семь часов. Он умывается, одевается и завтракает. После завтрака он идет на работу. Он работает в институте. Он любит свою работу. Он женат. Его жена — врач. Она работает в больнице. Вечером она изучает французский язык. Она посещает курсы французского языка. Мой дядя не говорит по-французски. Он говорит по-русски и по-немецки. Он изучает английский язык. Вечером он посещает курсы английского языка. Сын моего дяди — ученик. Он ходит в школу. В школе он изучает английский язык.

Упражнение 7. Поставьте глаголы в следующих предложениях в утвердительную, вопросительную и отрицательную формы Present Simple.

1. I (to do) morning exercises. 2. He (to work) at a factory. 3. She (to sleep) after dinner. 4. We (to work) part-time. 5. They (to drink) tea every day. 6. Mike (to be) a student. 7. Helen (to have) a car. 8. You (to be) a good friend. 9. You (to be) good friends. 10. It (to be) difficult to remember everything.

Упражнение 8. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present Simple.

- 1. Alice (to have) a sister. 2. Her sister's name (to be) Ann. 3. Ann (to be) a student.
- 4. She (to get) up at seven o'clock. 5. She (to go) to the institute in the morning. 6. Jane (to be) fond of sports. 7. She (to do) her morning exercises every day. 8. For breakfast she (to have) two eggs, a sandwich and a cup of tea. 9. After breakfast she (to go) to the institute. 10. Sometimes she (to take) a bus. 11. It (to take) her an hour and a half to do her homework. 12. She (to speak) English well. 13. Her friends

usually (to call) her at about 8 o'clock. 14. Ann (to take) a shower before going to bed. 15. She (to go) to bed at 11 p. m.

Упражнение 9. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present Simple.

1. My working day (to begin) at six o'clock. 2. I (to get) up, (to switch) on the TV and (to brush) my teeth. 3. It (to take) me about twenty minutes. 4. I (to have) breakfast at seven o'clock. 5. I (to leave) home at half past seven. 6. I (to take) a bus to the institute. 7. It usually (to take) me about fifteen minutes to get there. 8. Classes (to begin) at eight. 9. We usually (to have) four classes a day. 10. I (to have) lunch at about 2 o'clock.

Упражнение 10. Используйте слова в скобках для образования предложений в Present Simple. Обратите внимание, в какой форме должно стоять предложение (утвердительной, вопросительной или отрицательной).

1) They football at the institution	tute. (to play) 2) She _	emails. (not / to write)
3) you English? (to spea	ak) 4) My mother	fish. (not / to like) 5)
Ann any friends? (to have) 6	i) His brother in	an office. (to work) 7) She
very fast. (cannot / to read)	8) they the	e flowers every 3 days? (to
water) 9) His wife a mot	corbike. (not / to ride)) 10) Elizabeth
coffee? (to drink)		

Упражнение 11. Вставьте глагол "to be" в требуемой форме Present Simple.

1. I ... a student. 2. My father ... not a shop-assistant, he ... a scientist. 3. ... your aunt a nurse? - Yes, she 4. ... they at home? - No, they ... not. They ... at school. 5. ... you an engineer? - Yes, I... 6. ... your friend a photographer? No, she ... not a photographer, she ... a student. 7. ... your brothers at school? - Yes, they 8. ... this her watch? - Yes, it 9. Max ... an office-worker. 10. We ... late, sorry!

Тесты

- 1. My mother... a bad headache.
- a) have got
- b) am
- c) has got
- 2. Where... the Johnsons (live)?
- a) Where do the Johnsons live?
- b) Where are the Johnsons live?
- c) Where does the Johnsons live?
- 3. Margie and her sister... wonderful voices.
- a) does
- b) has got
- c) have got
- 4. I (not / understand) that man because I (not / know) English.
- a) not understand, don't know
- b) don't understand, not know
- c) don't understand, don't know
- 5. -... you... any time to help me? Sorry, I....
- a) Do you have, don't
- b) Have you got, am not
- c) Do you have, have got
- 6. Everybody in our family (help) Mummy about the house. Dad (walk) the dog, I (water) the flowers, and my brothers (clean) the rooms.
- a) help, walks, water, clean
- b) helps, walks, water, clean
- c) help, walks, water, cleans
- 7.... Jane Smith (speak) English?
- a) Is...speak
- b) Does ...speak
- c) Do ...speaks

8. The Browns... a nice house in the country. a) has got b) have got 9. ... you (like) swimming? a) Do you like b) Does you like c) Are you like 10.... Dad... any brothers or sisters? a) Have Dad got b) Does Dad have c) Does Dad has 11 your sister often (go) to the theatre? a) Is...go b) Does ...go c) Do...goes 12. We ... a car, but we are going to buy it. a) don't have b) aren't have c) hasn't 13. Bob (know) what I want? a) Bob knows b) Do Bob knows 14. They can't go out because they... rain-coats and umbrellas. a) have got b) aren't have c) don't have

15. Jack lives not far from us, but we (not / see) him often.

- a) not see
- b) doesn't see
- c) don't see

16. Don't give him cigarettes. He (not/smoke).
a) isn't smoke
b) doesn't smoke
c) don't smokes
17. Can you help me? I (not / know) the way to the market.
a) am not know
b) not know
c) don't know
18 Pete any beer in the fridge?
a) Does Pete have
b) Do Pete has
c) Have Pete got
19. My daughter Mary (not / like) apples, but she likes oranges.
a) not likes
b) doesn't likes
c) doesn't I ike
20. What's the matter? You (look) very happy.
a) look
b) looks
21. How much this sweater cost?
a) Is
b) does
c) do
22. How much this sweater?
a) Is
b) does
c) do
23. It rainy in summer. a) don't
b) doesn't
c) isn't

24. It often rain in summer.
a) don't
b) doesn't
c) isn't
25. I stay at home on Sundays.
a) am not
b) doesn't
c) don't
26. I at home on Sundays.
a) am not
b) doesn't
c) don't
27. He have much money.
a) isn't
b) doesn't
c) don't
28. He rich.
a) isn't
b) doesn't
c) don't
29. Mag and her sister live in Rome.
a) aren't
b) doesn't
c) don't
30. Mag and her sister in Rome.
a) aren't
b) doesn't
c) don't
31. Pat's mother teach students.
a) isn't

- b) doesn't c) don't 32. Pat's mother ... a teacher. a) isn't b) doesn't c) don't 33. It ... cost much to stay at that hotel. a) doesn't b) isn't c) don't 34. That hotel ... expensive. a) doesn't b) isn't c) don't 35 - ...your brother (live) in Moscow? - No, he (not) - He (live) in Omsk. a) does, doesn't, lives b) Do, don't, live c) is, isn't, does live 36. There ... a policeman at the door. a) are b) is c) does 37. -... you (like) reading books? -Yes, I... - I (like) to read very much.
- 38. She ... pretty and friendly.
- a) am

a) are, is, like

b) is, am, likes

c) do, do, like

b) Is
c) do
39. There some mistakes in your dictation,
a) is
b) are
c) does
40. Where the nearest bus stop, please?
a) are
b) am
c) is
41. There a programm for youth and two films on TV.
a) are
b) Is
c) does
42. It (sound) interesting.
a) sound
b) sounds
c) do sound
43. You a teacher, aren't you?
a) are
b) Is
c) do
44. The Hays (seem) to be a really happy family.
a) seem
b) seemed
c) seems
45. When it cold, we (put on) warm clothes.
a) are, puts on
b) Is, put on
c) do, putted on

- 46 that hotel expensive?
- a) is
- b) are
- c) does
- 47. He (think) he... right.
- a) think, am
- b) doesn't think, are
- c) thinks, is
- 48. The sweater... nice, the trousers... nice, too.
- a) is, are
- b) are, is
- c) do, are

PAST SIMPLE TENSE

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Раскройте скобки.

1. I (to see) you with a pretty girl at the movies last Saturday. 2. Yes, I (to be) there. I (to have) a terrible experience. 3. What (to happen)? 4. Saturday afternoon I (to meet) a nice girl. 5. Her name (to be) Barbara. 6. We (to come) to the restaurant, (to sit down) and (to begin) to talk. 7. We (to drink) coffee and (to talk). 8. She (not to want) to go to the circus. 9. I (to invite) her to the movies. 10. I (to go) home. 11. But I (not to write) some business letters. 12. I (to be) anxious. 13. I (to take) a shower, (to change) my clothes and (to eat) dinner. 14. I (not to leave) home at 7 p.m. 15. I (to leave) home at 6.45 p.m. 16. I (to meet) Barbara. 17. We (to walk) to the theatre. 18. I (to get) in the line for a ticket. 19. At the ticket window I (to reach) for my wallet but I (not to find) it. 20. My face (to become) red. 21. Barbara (to lend) me two dollars and I (to buy) the tickets.

Упражнение 2. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Past Simple.

1. What your neighbours (to do) yesterday? 2. Mr. Smith (to fix) his car yesterday morning. 3. His wife (to water) plants in the garden. 4. Their children (to clean) the

yard and then they (to play) basketball. 5. In the evening their boys (to listen) to loud music and (to watch) TV. 6. Their little girl (to cry) a little and then (to smile). 7. Her brothers (to shout) at her. 8. Mrs. Smith (to work) in the kitchen. 9. She (to bake) a delicious apple pie. 10. She (to cook) a good dinner. 11. She (to wash) the dishes and (to look) very tired. 12. The children (to brush) their teeth, (to yawn) a little and (to 13. mother clothes bed. Their (to change) her and (to go) to brush) her hair. Then she (to talk) on the phone.

Упражнение 3. Перепишите следующий текст в прошедшем времени.

On Monday we have five lessons. The first lesson is Russian. At this lesson we write a dictation and do some exercises. Nick goes to the blackboard. He answers well and gets a "five". Pete does not get a "five" because he does not know his lesson. After the second lesson I go to the canteen. I eat a sandwich and drink a cup of tea. I do not drink milk. After school I do not go home at once. I go to the library and change the book. Then I go home.

Упражнение 4. Перепишите следующий текст в прошедшем времени.

On Tuesday I get up at half past six. I go to the bathroom and wash my hands and face and clean my teeth. Then I dress, go to the kitchen and cook breakfast for my family. At half past seven my son gets up and has breakfast. I have breakfast with my son. My son eats a sandwich and drinks a cup of tea. I don't drink tea. I drink coffee. After breakfast my son leaves home for school. I don't leave home with my son. On Tuesday I don't work in the morning. I work in the afternoon. In the evening I am at home. My husband and my son are at home, too. We rest in the evening. My son watches TV, my husband reads newspapers and I do some work about the house. At about eleven o'clock we go to bed.

Упражнение 5. Перепишите следующий текст в прошедшем времени.

Boris wakes up when it is already quite light. He looks at his watch. It is a quarter to seven. Quick! Boris jumps out of bed and runs to the bathroom. He has just

time to take a cold shower and drink a glass of tea with bread and butter. He is in a hurry to catch the eight o'clock train.

At the railway station he meets three other boys from his group. They all have small backpacks and fishing rods.

In less than an hour they get off the train at a small station near a wood. They walk very quickly and soon find themselves on the shore of a large lake. The boys spend the whole day there fishing, boating and swimming.

They return home late at night, tired but happy.

Упражнение 6. Поставьте глаголы в следующих предложениях в утвердительную, вопросительную и отрицательную формы Past Simple.

1. I (to do) morning exercises. 2. He (to work) at a factory. 3. She (to sleep) after dinner. 4. We (to work) part-time. 5. They (to drink) tea every day. 6. Mike (to be) a student. 7. Helen (to have) a car. 8. You (to be) a good friend. 9. You (to be) good friends. 10. It (to be) difficult to remember everything.

Упражнение 7. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Past Simple.

1. Alice (to have) a sister. 2. Her sister's name (to be) Ann. 3. Ann (to be) a student.

4. She (to get) up at seven o'clock. 5. She (to go) to the institute in the morning. 6. Jane (to be) fond of sports. 7. She (to do) her morning exercises every day. 8. For breakfast she (to have) two eggs, a sandwich and a cup of tea. 9. After breakfast she (to go) to the institute. 10. Sometimes she (to take) a bus. 11. It (to take) her an hour and a half to do her homework. 12. She (to speak) English well. 13. Her friends usually (to call) her at about 8 o'clock. 14. Ann (to take) a shower before going to bed. 15. She (to go) to bed at 11 p. m.

Упражнение 8. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Past Simple.

1. My working day (to begin) at six o'clock. 2. I (to get) up, (to switch) on the TV and (to brush) my teeth. 3. It (to take) me about twenty minutes. 4. I (to have) breakfast at seven o'clock. 5. I (to leave) home at half past seven. 6. I (to take) a bus to the

institute. 7. It usually (to take) me about fifteen minutes to get there. 8. Classes (to begin) at eight. 9. We usually (to have) four classes a day. 10. I (to have) lunch at about 2 o'clock.

Тесты

- 1. There isn't a cloud in the sky, but it (be) cloudy in the morning.
- a) was
- b) were
- c) are
- 2. Mrs. Clay usually finishes her work at half past three, but she (finish) it later yesterday afternoon.
- a) finishes
- b) finished
- c) has finished
- 3. Every day I help Morn about the house, but last week I was very busy with my exam. So I (not / help) her much.
- a) doesn't help
- b) don't help
- c) didn't help
- 4. Tom isn't playing tennis tomorrow afternoon, he (not/play) tennis yesterday.
- a) doesn't play
- b) don't play
- c) didn't play
- 5. We generally have lunch at 12.30, but yesterday we (have lunch) later.
- a) had lunch
- b) has lunch
- c) have lunch
- 6. Now my brother smokes a lot, but he (not / smoke) before.
- a) didn't smoked
- b) don't smoke
- c) didn't smoke

7. The Frasers live in a four-room apartment, but last year they (live) in a small house
in the country.
a) lives
b) lived
c) did lived
8. I don't eat meat at all, but the other day I visited my friends and (eat) pork there.
a) eat
b) eats
c) ate
9. My Dad always goes to work by car, but last week he (go) to work on foot.
a) went
b) goes
c) go
10. The weather is nice today, but it (be) bad yesterday.
a) was
b) were
c) is
11. We rarely watch television, but last week we (watch) a lot of interesting
programs.
a) watch
b) watched
c) didn't watch
12 Do you often see Tom? - Not often, but I (see) him at the party the other day.
a) see
b) didn't seed
c) saw
13. I (get) to the market myself last time, but now I don't remember how to get there.
a) got
b) getted
c) get

14. I sleep well, but last night I (not / sleep) at all.?
a) doesn't sleep
b) didn't sleeped
c) didn't sleep
15. I usually come home from school at 2.00 p.m., but last we I was on duty and
(come) home a little later.
a) came
b) did come
c) come
16. It seemed impossible for him to win, but he (win).
a) win
b) won
c) winned
17. I walked quickly because I (feel) cold.
a) felt
b) did feel
c) feels
18. It (take) him two hours to get to London.
a) takes
b). took
c) didn't take
19. Helen (prefer) tea to coffee.
a) preferes
b) did prefer
c) prefered
20. My husband (speak) to his boss last week.
a) spoke
b) speaks
c) spoken

a) sell, buy b) sold, bought c) selled, buyed 22. He (meet) Mary and (fall) in love with her at first sight. a) meets b) met c) metted 23. As soon as the bus (stop), Jill (get off). a) stopped, got off b) stopes, get off c) stopped, get off 24. Three weeks later I (leave) for Moscow. a) leaves b) left c) leaved 25. How you (cut) your finger? a) cuts b) did cut c) does cuts 26. Jack (try) to remember what he had done last April. a) tries b) did try c) tried 27. Yesterday Mr. Watson (drink) too much at the party. a) drank b) drunk c) drinked 28. Looking through the paper, the teacher (find) several mistake. a) finds

21. Five years ago my Dad (sell) his farm and (buy) a business a small town.

b) finded
c) found
29. Julius Caesar (found) the Tower of London.
a) founded
b) did find
c) finds
30. Ten minutes ago I (hear) a strange noise.
a) heared
b) heard
c) hears
31. Edward (make) up his mind to escape from prison.
a) make
b) made
c) makes
32. When you (write) to your parents last time?
a) writes
b) did write
c) wrote
33. Sir Walter was a proud knight, and to think that he had to submit to the
commands of a tyrant lord.
a) had hated
b) was hating
c) hated
34 you the ancient stone carvings at the museum last week?
a) have seen
b) did see
c) saw
35. Dinosaurs millions of years ago.
a) died out
b) had died out

- c) were died out
- 36. In the year 1620, a ship named the "Mayflower" ... 120 Englishmen to the rocky coast of America.
- a) has brought
- b) brought
- c) did bring

FUTURE SIMPLE TENSE

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Раскройте скобки. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную формы.

TOMORROW 1. I (to try) to be optimistic. 2. I (to exercise) a lot. 3. I (to give) a helping hand to my friend. 4. My friend (to trust) me. 5. We (to go) to the movies together. 6. You (to rely) on me.

NEXT MONTH 7. You (to visit) London. 8. They (to write) a resume. 9. I (to inform) them about his decision. 10. We (to laugh) at our troubles

Упражнение 2. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Future Simple.

1. I want to get a medical checkup. I (to go) to my doctor tomorrow. 2. He (to give) me a complete examination. 3. The nurse (to lead) me into one of the examination rooms. 4. I (to take) off my clothes and (to put) on a hospital gown. 5. Dr. Setton (to come) in, (to shake) my hand, and (to say) "hello". 6. I (to stand) on his scale so he can measure my height and my weight. 7. He (to take) my pulse. 8. Then he (to take) my blood pressure. 9. After he takes my blood pressure, he (to take) some blood for a blood analysis. 10. He (to examine) my eyes, ears, nose, and throat. 11. He (to listen) to my heart with a stethoscope. 12. Then he (to take) a chest X-ray and (to do) a cardiogram (ECG or EKG). 13. After the checkup I (to go) home and (to wait) for Dr. Set-ton's call. 14. Dr. Setton (to call) me tomorrow afternoon and (to say) to me: "Stop worring! Your blood analysis is excellent." He is a very good doctor.

Упражнение 3. Поставьте глаголы в следующих предложениях в утвердительную, вопросительную и отрицательную формы Future Simple.

1. I (to do) morning exercises. 2. He (to work) at a factory. 3. She (to sleep) after dinner. 4. We (to work) part-time. 5. They (to drink) tea every day. 6. Mike (to be) a student. 7. Helen (to have) a car. 8. You (to be) a good friend. 9. You (to be) good friends. 10. It (to be) difficult to remember everything.

Упражнение 4. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Future Simple.

1. Alice (to have) a sister. 2. Her sister's name (to be) Ann. 3. Ann (to be) a student.

4. She (to get) up at seven o'clock. 5. She (to go) to the institute in the morning. 6. Jane (to be) fond of sports. 7. She (to do) her morning exercises every day. 8. For breakfast she (to have) two eggs, a sandwich and a cup of tea. 9. After breakfast she (to go) to the institute. 10. Sometimes she (to take) a bus. 11. It (to take) her an hour and a half to do her homework. 12. She (to speak) English well. 13. Her friends usually (to call) her at about 8 o'clock. 14. Ann (to take) a shower before going to bed. 15. She (to go) to bed at 11 p. m.

Упражнение 5. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Future Simple.

1. My working day (to begin) at six o'clock. 2. I (to get) up, (to switch) on the TV and (to brush) my teeth. 3. It (to take) me about twenty minutes. 4. I (to have) breakfast at seven o'clock. 5. I (to leave) home at half past seven. 6. I (to take) a bus to the institute. 7. It usually (to take) me about fifteen minutes to get there. 8. Classes (to begin) at eight. 9. We usually (to have) four classes a day. 10. I (to have) lunch at about 2 o'clock.

Упражнение 6. Используйте слова в скобках для образования предложений в Future Simple. Обратите внимание, в какой форме должно стоять предложение (утвердительной, вопросительной или отрицательной).

1) They _	football at the institute. (to play)	2) She	emails. (not /	to write	e) 3)
you	English? (to speak) 4) My mother _	fish. (not /	to like) 5)	Ann	any

friends? (to have) 6) His brother in an office. (to work) 7) She very fast.				
(cannot / to read) 8) they the flowers every 3 days? (to water) 9) His wife				
a motorbike. (not / to ride) 10) Elizabeth coffee? (to drink)				
Упражнение 7. Заполните пробелы в тексте приведенными глаголами в				
форме будущего времени (have to, go, meet, go, walk, have, buy, not be, have):				
Tomorrow I my friend George. We to the movies and then we				
to eat at the new fastfood place. In the afternoon we and see George's uncle. We				
around and we a look at the shops. Maybe I new jeans. We				
back before 6 o'clock. I think we a great day.				
Упражнение 8. Переведите на английский язык:				
1. Я позвоню тебе завтра. 2. Когда ты приедешь в Москву? 3. Кто поедет в				
Москву? 4. Кого ты пригласишь в свой дом? 5. Я поговорю со своим партнером				
об этом. 6. Вы откроете свою сумку? 7. Кто-нибудь откроет окно? 8. Кто даст				
мне свой телефонный номер? 9. Я останусь с вами на следующей неделе. 10. Я				
уеду из России через год.				
V-navious 0 Haarna¥ma raynaasima waasaasaasaa sa				
Упражнение 9. Постройте вопросительные предложения на основе				
исходных предложений (общий, специальный вопросы):				
1. I will go to the restaurant next Monday. 2. Mary will wait for her friend at the				
corner. 3. I will have a roast beef with potatoes. 4. Jake won't eat this mixed salad in				
the morning. 5. I will leave for Australia in four days. 6. We'll book an apartment in				
this house for you next week. 7. I'll speak to the manager about it tomorrow. 8. I will				
order a beef steak for breakfast. 9. She will have to stay with us till next Saturday. 10.				
We'll have to visit our friends in Canada next year.				
Упражнение 10. Заполните пробелы правильной формой глагола:				
1. We (have) a picnic tomorrow if it (be) a fine day. 2. I (finish)				
watching this film before I (go) to school. 3. I'm sure he (phone) me as				

soon as he (know) my telephone number. 4. He (give) my car back to me
when he (see) me tomorrow. 5. The farmer (start) work tomorrow before
the sun (rise) 6. The little girl (not, be) happy until her mother (buy)
her a toy. 7. She (wash) my jeans tomorrow if she (have) time. 8. We (go)
out when it (stop) raining. 9. If he (not, make haste) he (not, catch)
the train. 10. If you (think) it over you (see) that I am right. 11. Brad
(say) that he (not know) when his father (leave) hospital. 12. I (not
know) if she (be) there tomorrow. 13. As soon as you (put) the
ointment on the boil, the pain (ease) 14. If we (not arrive) in time, they
(wonder) whether we (get) a car accident. 15. We (not have) the
slightest idea when she (invite) us to dinner.
Упражнение 11. Раскройте скобки:
1. The old gentleman doesn't go out in winter. He (go) out when the weather
(get) warmer. 2. I (wait) for the doctor until he (come) back from the
hospital. 3. I'm afraid the old woman (die) before she (see) her son. 4. The
teacher said that she (begin) the lesson as soon as Jack (stop) talking. 5.
He (not, pass) the examination next summer if he (not, work) much
harder. 6. He (have) a bad accident if he (not, drive) more carefully. 7.
She's flying to Rome tomorrow. She (send) her family a telegram as soon as
she (get) there. 8. She told her guests that they (have) lunch when her
son (come) home from school. 9. You (be) late if you (not, take) a
taxi. 10. I (not, speak) to him again if he (not, apologize) 11. We (have)
a picnic tomorrow if it (be) a fine day. 12. I (finish) reading this
book before I (go) to bed. 13. I'm sure he (write) to me as soon as he
(know) my new address. 14. Peter has taken my car. He (give) it back
when he (see) me tomorrow. 15. The postman (start) work tomorrow
before the sun (rise) 16. The little boy (not, be) happy until his father
(buy) him a bicycle. 17. She (wash) my shirts tomorrow if she (have)
time. 18. We (go) out when it (stop) raining. 19. If he (not, run) he

(not, catch) the bus. 20. If you (think) it over you (see) that I am				
right.				
Упражнение 12. Раскройте скобки:				
1. We shall not sit down to dinner until you (come) 2. John will go to find a				
taxi when the weather (get warmer) 3. If you (promise) to telephone him				
I shall give you all the necessary information. 4. Mary will let you know when she				
(come) for the holidays next summer. 5. Let me know as soon as you (decide)				
6. If you (not, try) hard you will fail at your exams. 7. She won't be able				
to come in time if she (not, hurry) 8. If we (stay) at home we won't see				
the sunset. 9. Peter will catch the train if he (take) a taxi to the station. 10. He				
will get flu if he (go) out without warm clothes. 11. We won't sit to dinner until				
he (come) 12. They will close the window as soon as they (decide) who				
should do it. 13. I'll give you this book after you (promise) to read it with care.				
14. We'll kiss John goodbye before he (leave) 15. When you (see) me				
next time I'll be wearing a blue jacket.				
<u>Тесты</u>				
1. Next year I on the cruise.				
a) will went				
b) go				
c) will go				
2. I at the station in an hour.				
a) will				
b) will am				
c) will be				
3. I on my invitation.				
a) will insist not				
b) will not insist				
c) don't insist				

4. I my homework and go for a walk.
a) will done
b) will do
c) did
5. Как ты получишь свой миллион в следующем году?
a) Will how you get your million next year?
b) How will get you your million next year?
c) How will you get your million next year?
6. Я собираюсь встретиться со своим доктором завтра.
a) I am going to see my doctor tomorrow.
b) I will going to see my doctor tomorrow.
c) I going to will see my doctor tomorrow.
7. What after work?
a) will he do
b) do will he
c) he will do
8. She the movie tonight.
a) watch will
b) will watch
c) watch'll
9today, take an umbrella.
a) will it rain
b) it rain will
c) it will rain
10. Where after school?
a) will you go
b) you will go
c) you go will
11. We an English lesson on Friday.
a) won't have

b) will have not
c) not will have
12. When the project?
a) you will finish
b) you'll finish
c) will you finish
13. Will you read the book tomorrow? Yes,
a) I'll
b) I will
c) I read
14. I lunch at the café today.
a) have will
b) will have
c) have'll
15. He to the cinema tomorrow.
a) go not will
b) will not go
c) will go not
16. What at the supermarket?
a) you will buy
b) buy you will
c) will you buy

PERFECT TENSES

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Поставьте Present Perfect or Present Simple.

1. Recently my friend (to enter) a College. 2. Many applicants (to enter) Colleges every year. 3. This post-graduate (to finish) just his scientific research. 4. In our country many students (to take) full-time courses. 5. That applicant (to pass) already the entrance exams. 6. Recently out professor (to make) a report on the current problems. 7. They (not to prepare) the work yet.

Упражнение 2. Поставьте Past Perfect or Past Simple.

1. Our foreign colleagues (to make) their reports on current problems of law in their countries by 6 p.m. yesterday. 2. Two days ago I listened to a militia band. It was very interesting. 3. He studied foreign languages several years ago. 4. A lot of applicants (to pass) the entrance exams by 3 p.m. yesterday. 5. Last year he (to enter) the University. 6. A new teacher said that he (to work) in a chair of Foreign Languages of another University three years before. 7. My friend (to take part) in a scientific conferences two days ago.

Упражнение 3. Прочитайте диалог, обращая внимание на употребление Past Perfect. Объясните употребление Past Perfect.

- Was George on time?
- No, he was late. By the time he arrived, I had opened the mail, I had sorted it, I had answered the most important letters. I had typed two reports and I had made a cup of tea.
- Why was he late?
- He had five excuses. He said that he had overslept, that his watch had stopped, that he had forgotten his money, that he had missed his bus and that he had lost his keys.
- What had he done when you left?
- Nothing much.
- Had he counted the money?
- He hadn't even opened the safe.
- Had he mended the typewriter?
- No, he hadn't
- Had he mended the broken window?
- No, he hadn't. I told you that when I left he had done practically nothing. He'd only finished reading the paper.
- Where is he now?
- In the hospital.
- What happened?

- The doctor phoned me a few minutes ago and said that George had had an accident.
 He said he had sprained his right ankle and that he had bruised his left hip. He also said that a policeman had found him lying in a ditch.
- How did he get there?
- According to the policeman he'd fallen off his bicycle.
- Any bones broken?
- Yes, two.
- Which ones?
- The ones he had bought for the dog's dinner.

Упражнение 4. Прочитайте текст, обращая внимание на употребление Past Perfect. Объясните употребление Past Perfect.

- 1. When we got home we asked George what he had done during our absence. 2. He said that he had cleaned the windows. 3. We asked him why he had not polished the floor as well. 4. He insisted that he had polished it, but it did not look any better to us.
- 5. We asked him what sort of polish he had used. 6. He showed the tin and said that he had found it on one of the shelves.

Упражнение 5. Прочитайте диалог, обращая внимание на употребление Future Perfect. Объясните употребление Future Perfect.

- How many books have you read this year?
- Ten.
- If you continue to read two a week, you will have read a hundred and four books by the end of the year.
- I have made some calculations too. By the end of the year I shall have smoked over seven thousand cigarettes. I shall have drunk a thousand bottles of beer. I shall have eaten ninety pounds of potatoes. I shall have slept for over a hundred days. I shall have changed my shirt at least twenty times.
- And you will have borrowed about thousand pounds.
- But I shall have paid back only a quarter of it.

Упражнение 6. Дополните предложения правильной формой Present Perfect.

1. I know who your boss is. I (work) for him. 2. Look! Somebody already (broke) the tree. 3. Mary (go) to Moscow, but she'll be back next Monday at the latest. 4. Andy is in hospital now. He (have) a bad crash. 5. Jane is crying. She (hurt) her knee.

Упражнение 7. Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Present Perfect.
1. He (finish) training. 2. She (score) twenty points in the match. 3. We
(watch) all the Champions League matches this season. 4. That's amazing! She
(run) fifteen kilometers this morning! 5. She (buy) some really nice rollerblades!
6. Oh, no! I (lose) my money! 7. My mum (write) shopping list. It's on the
kitchen table. 8. Dad, you (eat) my biscuit! 9. I'm tired. I (watch) three
X-Files videos. 10. Hurry up! They (start) the film! 11. Mary (study) hard
this year, so she'll pass her exams. 12. Oh no! She (drop) the plate! 13. The
garden is very green. It (rain) a lot this month. 14. These are my favorite
trousers. I (have) them for five years. 15. Tom's my best friend. I (know)
him for three years. 16. They (live) in Miami for two years. 17. Jo has earache.
He (have) it since 7 o'clock. 18. Brad (live) in Chicago since 1998.
Упражнение 8. Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Present Perfect negative.
1. I (not clean) my football boots. 2. They (not start) their meal. 3. I (not
do) my homework. 4. He (not win) all his matches this year. 5. My brother and I
(not see) any films this week. 6. it's my birthday party today. I (not invite)
many people. 7. He (not wash) his hands. They're very dirty. 8. Mum's really
angry. We (not tidy) our room! 9. I can't play with my friends this evening. I
(not finish) my homework. 10. I (not visit) New York for three years. 11.
Where's Alison? We (not see) her since yesterday. 12. Dad (not take) a

holiday since last August. 13. John ____ (not play) the violin since he was school.

Упражнение 9. Расставьте слова по порядку. Переведите получившиеся предложения.

Have – Britain – several – I – to – times – been

Spain – since – she – lived – in – 1994 – has

Five – married – have – they – years – been – for

I – coffee – made – already – for – have – you

never – Bob – a bike – has – had

Упражнение 10. Поставьте наречия из скобок в нужное место.

1. Have you washed your hands? (already) 2. We have phoned the doctor. (just) 3. Has she ridden a horse? (ever) 4. I have danced the tango. (never) 5. The train hasn't arrived. (yet)

Упражнение 11. Переведите предложения:

1. Я ещё никогда не был за границей. 2. Мои родители уже переехали в новую квартиру. 3. Он ещё не закончил уборку. Когда я был в командировке, я познакомился с прекрасной девушкой. 4. Я видел эту комедию трижды. 5. Ты уже читал сегодняшнюю газету? 6.Мы играли в компьютерные игры с 1 до 3.

Упражнение 12. Complete the sentences using the Past Perfect tense of the verbs below. (Дополните предложения, используя форму Past Perfect глаголов, приведенных ниже.)

 $Example/\Pi puмep:$

to learn the poem

- I went to bed after I had learnt the poem.
- to have dinner, to do homework, to come, to read the book, to clean the room, to go shopping, to return from Australia, to finish work
- 1. I went to see my friend after... 2. I watched TV after... 3. They went home after...
- 4. He phoned me after... 5. She went to dance after... 6. We wrote a composition after... 7. They rebuilt the house after... 8. We went for a walk after...

Упражнение 13. Insert the verbs in the Past Perfect tense. (Вставьте глаголы в Past Perfect.)

1. I ... (to have) breakfast before I went to school. 2. He went to meet his friends after he ... (to do) his homework. 3. By 8 o'clock the rain ... (to stop). 4. Alice was late because she ... (to miss) the bus. 5. She went to the post-office after she ... (to write) the letter. 6. He ... (to work) at the factory before he entered the college. 7. He got a bad mark for his test because he ... (to make) a lot of mistakes in it. 8. I went to bed after I ... (to finish) reading the book. 9. The child ... (to fall) asleep before the parents came home. 10. They ... (to marry) before they bought this house.

Упражнение 14. Use Past Perfect of the verbs in the box to complete the sentences. (Используйте Past Perfect предложенных глаголов, чтобы дополнить предложения.)

to leave, to go, to die, to see, to live, to fly

1 .I didn't read the text in class because I ... my book at home. 2. The children didn't want to go to the cinema because they ... already ... the film. 3. Kate wasn't at home last week because she ... to visit her uncle. 4. Linda never knew her father because he ... before she was born. 5. I was excited when the plane took off because I... never ... before. 6. My grandfather was always afraid of animals because he ... never ... in the country.

Упражнение 15. Insert the verbs in the Past Perfect tense. (Вставьте глаголы в Past Perfect.)

1. Jill was afraid she (forget) her key at home, but she found it in her handbag.
2. Dad wasn't at home when I came back. He (go) out twenty minutes before
3. I wasn't hungry because I (just/have) breakfast. 4. Peter saw an urgent
message on his table. Somebody (leave) it the day before. 5. I apologized I
(not/phone) her. 6. He told me that he (come back) a fortnight before. 7. I
knew him at once though I (meet) him many years before. 8. We spent the
night in Klin, a town we (often/hear of) but (never/see), 9. They couldn't

believe he (give up) his job in the bank. He (make) a good living there.
10. Mr. Jackson said that he (already/buy) everything for lunch. 11. Alice
asked her brother where he (arrange) to meet his friends. 12. We had no car at
that time because we (sell) our old one. 13. They (finish) painting the
ceiling by two o'clock.

Упражнение 16. Say what action was done before. Combine the two sentences into one. (Определите какое действие произошло раньше. Объедините два предложения в одно, не меняя части местами. Используйте BEFORE)

Example/ Пример

I sent a telegram. Then I met my friend.

- I had sent a telegram before I met my friend.
- 1. The rain stopped. I went for a walk. 2. I did my homework. My mother returned home. 3. We met in the street. We went to the park. 4. They packed their things. Then they started. 5. I had dinner. I switched on the TV set. 6. He returned home. The guests left. 7. We came to the cinema. The film began. 8. I read the book. I saw the play. 9. They lived here. They moved to another place. 10. We played a game of tennis. We went to my place

Упражнение 17. Connect each pair of sentences with the conjunctions before, as soon as, after. (Объедините два предложения в одно, используя before, as soon as, after.)

 $Example/\Pi puмep$

They had lived in the country. They moved to the city.

- They had lived in the country before they moved to the city.
- 1. He had finished school. He went to a camp. 2. She had phoned her friend. She went to meet her. 3. I read the book. I had seen the film. 4. I had cleaned my room. I invited my friend home. 5. He entered the university. He had finished school. 6.He told me about his impressions. He had returned from his journey. 7. He was unhappy. He had got bad news. 8. I had finished the text. I handed in my exercise-book.

Упражнение 18. Complete the sentences using Past Perfect. (Дополните предложения, используя Past Perfect).

1. I watched a new film after... 2. I went for a walk after... 3. I fell asleep after... 4. I began to read a book after... 5. I helped my mother about the house after... .

Тесты

Choose the right variant

- 1. My parents (be) to the USA many times.
- a) have been
- b) had been
- c) will have been
- d) is being
- 2. Julia (finish) all the housework by three o'clock and we'll go for a walk.
- a) will finish
- b) will have finished
- c) have finished
- d) had finished
- 3. Aunt Polly punished Tom Sawyer because he (be) naughty.
- a) has been
- b) had been
- c) will have been
- d) finishes
- 4. Why are you looking so unhappy? I (lose) my purse.
- a) have lost
- b) had lost
- c) will have lost
- d) lost
- 5. We are going to buy a car. By the end of next month our family (save) money for it.
- a) will save
- b) will have saved

- c) have saved
- d) had saved
- 6. Tell Tommy about these wonderful islands. He (never / hear) about them.
- a) has never heard
- b) had never heard
- c) will never have heard
- d) heard
- 7. The workers say that they (build up) a district by the beginning of 2000.
- a) will have built up
- b) will build up
- c) have built up
- d) had built up
- 8. A mother asked the children if they (buy) some biscuits for tea.
- a) has bought
- b) had bought
- c) bought
- d) will have bought
- 9. I (leave) some photos to be developed. Are they ready?
- a) have left
- b) had left
- c) will have left
- d) leave
- 10. She (have lunch) by the time we arrive.
- a) will have had
- b) will have
- c) have had
- d) had had
- 11. Mr. Jackson said that he (already/buy) everything for lunch.
- a) will already have bought
- b) will buy

- c) have bought d) had bought 12. I' m afraid
- 12. I'm afraid I (forget) my book at home.
- a) will have forgotten
- b) will forget
- c) have forgotten
- d) had forgotten
- 13. ... the secretary (yet/come)?
- a) will... have come yet
- b) yet ...will come
- c) has... come yet
- d) had... come yet
- 14. I wasn't hungry because I (just/have) breakfast.
- a) have just had
- b) had just had
- c) will just have had
- d) had
- 15.... you (have) a holiday this year.
- a) have had
- b) had had
- c) will have had
- d) had
- 16. I (not/see) Tom for ages.
- a) won't have seen
- b) see
- c) haven't seen
- d) hadn't seen
- 17. Alice asked her brother where he (arrange) to meet his friends.
- a) has arranged
- b) had arranged

- c) will have arranged d) arrange
- 18. By the time I come they (go).
- a) will have gone
- b) will go
- c) have gone
- d) had gone
- 19. Alan (work) in the bank for a year.
- a) had worked
- b) has worked
- c) will have worked
- d) worked
- 20. They couldn't believe he (give up) his job in the bank. He (make) a good living there.
- a) had given up, had made
- b) has given up, had made
- c) will have given up, has made
- d) gave, made
- 21. We (already/build) this plant by the end of 1997.
- a) had already built
- b) have already built
- c) will have built
- d) built
- 22. In three years' time I (take) my degree.
- a) have taken
- b) had taken
- c) will have taken
- d) took
- 23. He (do) it since we left him.
- a) has done

- b) had done
- c) will have done
- d) do
- 24. We (sit) here for two hours.
- a) have sat
- b) had sat
- c) will have sat
- d) sat

CONTINUOUS TENSES

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Прочитайте текст, обращая внимание на употребление Future Continuous Tense. Прочитайте текст от разных лиц.

1. George and Mary will be coming with us to the theatre tomorrow. 2. They were eager to see that play since last month. 3. We will be meeting them in the theater at half past eight. 4. I shall be trying to reserve the table for supper because we will all be feeling hungry after the show. 5. We will be taking George's car and he will be acting as our driver.

Упражнение 2. Переведите предложения на русский язык.

1. Вы опять дрались? 2. Как давно у вас болит нога? 3. Я учу японский с августа. 4. Анна ищет работу шесть месяцев. 5. Они работают в Саратове с 1 января. 6. Какой глубокий снег! Сколько времени шел снег? 7. Весь день идет дождь. 8. Я живу здесь около пяти лет. 9. Вы слишком долго смотрите телевизор. 10. Я жду Петра уже около часа. 11. Дети плавают уже полчаса. 12. Они работают в саду с 8 часов. 13. Наконец я нашел книгу, которую искал целый день.

Упражнение 3. Составьте предложения в Past Continuous Tense.

1. I/to go home/at 4 o'clock yesterday. 2. We/to play basketball/at 6 o'clock last Sunday. 3. She/to talk with her friend/for forty minutes yesterday. 4. You/to wash the

window/in the afternoon yesterday. 5. Nick/to ride his bike/all the evening. 6. Sheila and Dora/to wait for a bus/for half an hour. 7. They/to prepare for the party/all day yesterday. 8. I/to learn the poem/for an hour. 9. Dick/to paint the walls in his room/from 2 to 6 o'clock last Wednesday. 10. Eve and Tony/to skate/all day last Saturday.

Упражнение 4. Переведите предложения на русский язык.

1. We were having lunch in the canteen. 2. She was singing a lovely song. 3. You were speaking to your boss. 4. George was sitting in the armchair by the fireplace. 5. Jane and Margaret were going to the airport. 6. The baby was crying. 7. It was getting dark. 8. We were waiting for my cousin. 9. The woman was watching the children on the playground. 10. The tourists were taking photos in front of the palace.

Упражнение 5. Вставьте Future Continuous.

1. This time next Monday, I in a huge office in New York. (work) 2. This time on
Tuesday, Mary on a beach in Italy. (sunbathe) 3. Don't make noise after midnight
– I_ soundly, I hope. (sleep) 4. Jackeline _ to Kenya tomorrow at this time. (fly) 5.
Students copies while hethe report. (make/ finish) 6. I in my study library at
6pm tomorrow. (work). 7. This time next year we the Pacific Ocean. (cross) 8. I
the dinner table while my mother the meat. (lay / prepare) 9. You'll recognize
Molly! She a pink hat. (wear) 10. From 7 till 12 I classes. (have) 11you
your bike this evening? (use) 12. My auntie and uncle with us this weekend. (stay)
13.I television from ten pm to midnight. (to watch) 14. This time on Friday I on
the beach. (to lie) 15. Whatyou tomorrow evening? (to do) 16you late
tomorrow night? (to work) 17.Don't ring Greg up at 10am. He_ his music lesson.
(have) 18.The boys of our team football tomorrow morning. (play) 19.It _
probably when we arrive in Kongo. (rain)

Упражнение 6. Answer the questions in Future Continuous.

Example: What will Owen be doing? (drive to the seaside)

a) Owen will be driving to the seaside. 2. What will Zana be doing? (make a skirt) 3. What will Michael be doing? (swim in the Red Sea) 4. What will Paul's grandfather be doing? (work in the orchard) 5. What will Greg be doing at the University? (study languages) 6. What will Megan's mother be doing? (fly to Mumbai) 7. What will the singer be doing at the concert? (sing songs) 8. What will the journalist be doing? (interview the President) 9. What will the professor be doing next September? (reading lectures)

Упражнение 7. Развейте мысль, используя Future Continuous.

Example: Don't call Greg at seven. (have a bath)

- 1. Don't call Greg at seven, he will be having a bath.
- 2. Don't leave the tiny newborn alone. (cry) 3. Don't call on Steven tonight. (pack) 4. Don't ring anybody up at six am. (sleep) 5. Don't wait for Melody tomorrow, (train) 6. Don't tell your Granny. (grumble) 7. Don't expect Molly to come on Saturday, (work) 8. Don't come to see Miranda after lunch. (typing her novel) 9. Don't send Molly any letters in July. (travel)

Упражнение 8. Переведите на английский. Используйте Future Continuous.

1. Сегодня в кино ты будешь сидеть со мной. 2. Андрей будет ждать тебя возле гипермаркета в 4. 3. Ты пообедаешь со мной завтра? — В это время я сдаю экзамен. 4. Интересно, чем будут заняты дети, пока мы будем наслаждаться концертом. 5. Как я узнаю Тома? На нем будет зеленое пальто. 6. Интересно, будем ли мы все еще встречаться через год. 7. Если ты ей расскажешь, она будет плакать. 8. Чем ты будешь занят завтра в шесть? 9. Уже через час Гриша будет работать в огороде.

<u>Тесты</u>

- 1. Take your umbrella. It (rain) cats and dogs.
- a) is raining
- b) was raining
- c) will be raining

- 2. This time tomorrow they (sit) in the train on their way to Chicago.
- a) are sitting
- b) were sitting
- c) will be sitting
- 3. I saw a light in your window as I (pass) by.
- a) is passing
- b) will be passing
- c) was passing.
- 4. I don't know Spanish, but I (learn) it now.
- a) was learning
- b) will be learning
- c) am learning
- 5. Don't phone Jim from 5 to 6 he (have) English.
- a) will be having
- b) is having
- c) was having
- 6. While my son (wait) for my call, somebody knocked at the door.
- a) is waiting
- b) was
- c) will be waiting
- 7. Granny is in the kitchen. She (make) plum cakes.
- a) is making
- b) was making
- c) will be making
- 8. At the moment we (fly) over the desert.
- a) will be flying
- b) are flying
- c) were flying
- 9. I'm not wearing sure I'll recognize Eve. I haven't seen her for ages.
- She (wear) a dark blue pullover and jeans.

- a) will be wearing
- b) is wearing
- c) was wearing
- 10. He couldn't speak because he (die) of laugh.
- a) was dying
- b) is dying
- c) will be dying
- 11. Let's go for a walk .It (not/rain) now.
- a) will not be raining
- b) is raining
- c) was raining
- 12. When you rang me yesterday, I (have) a bath.
- a) will be having
- b) am having
- c) was having
- 13. Why you (cry)? Is something wrong?
- a) will be crying
- b) are crying
- c) were crying
- 14. Somebody stole the money from Dad's pocket while he (sleep).
- a) will be sleeping
- b) is sleeping
- c) was sleeping
- 15. I (sit) by the window when I heard the noise.
- a) will be sitting
- b) was sitting
- c) am sitting
- 16. Listen! Somebody (sing) a lovely song.
- a) is singing
- b) will be singing
- c) was singing

- 17. The student (reply) to the question when the headmistress came in.
- a) will be replying
- b) was replying
- c) is replying
- 18. At six o'clock I (wait) for Jennie at the station.
- a) will be waiting
- b) am waiting
- c) was waiting
- 19. I (die) to see him.
- a) will be dieing
- b) am dieing
- c) was dieing
- 20. The police caught Dan when he (rob) a shop.
- a) will be robbing
- b) is robbing
- c) was robbing.

МОДАЛЬНЫЕ ГЛАГОЛЫ

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Переведите предложения на русский язык. Поставьте их в отрицательную и вопросительную формы.

1. You must turn round. 2. You must turn left at the traffic lights. 3. Mr. Jones must take the second on the left and then ask again. 4. You must tell her that there is left hand traffic in this country. 5. A pedestrian must keep to the left in Great Britain. 6. You must cross the street under the green lights.

Упражнение 2. Переведите предложения на русский язык. Поставьте их в отрицательную и вопросительную формы.

1. We are out of time. You have to change for a bus. 2. The meeting will start in 3 hours. You needn't take a bus. You can go on foot. 3. You have to be careful in the street during the rush hours. Traffic is very intensive. 4. You needn't take the subway.

The museum is round the corner. 5. You needn't take an express train. You can go by your car. 6. She has to take a bus. It's less expensive.

Упражнение 3. Переведите предложения на английский язык, используя to be to.

1. Поезд прибудет (to arrive) в 3 часа дня. 2. Группа туристов должна сесть в автобус рано утром. 3. Мистер Смит не должен ехать на метро. Он должен взять машину на прокат (to rent a car). Они информировали его об этих требованиях (requirements) месяц назад. 4. Мы должны пройти мимо того магазина и ждать на углу. 5. Мои друзья должны были пройти через парк. Они должны были идти пешком. 6. Они должны идти прямо вперед согласно (according) их плану.

Упражнение 4. Переведите предложения на русский язык. Поставьте их в отрицательную и вопросительную формы.

1. Mr. Jones can cross the street round the corner. 2. You can often see policemen regulating traffic in the streets. 3. Those foreign tourists could go by the underground or they could go by bus. 4. Jane can get on and then she can sit down. 5. Passengers can pay their fare in a box behind the driver. 6. On the double-deckers you can't stand on the top. 7. At some stations you can change from one line to another. 8. Could you tell me the way to the nearest bus stop? 9. Could you tell me how to get to Red Square?

Упражнение 5. Переведите предложения на английский язык, используя to be able to:

b) Ты мог изучить правила дорожного движения в прошлом месяце? 2. Он не сможет вести машину завтра. 3. Он может повернуть налево и пройти через парк. 4. Завтра я смогу помочь тебе найти ту улицу. 5. Мы сможем взять такси?

Упражнение 6. Вставьте вместо точек соответствующие модальные глаголы (can, may, must, should, could) и переведите предложения.

1. The traffic light is round the corner. You ... cross the street there. 2. When you see the green light of traffic lights, you ... cross the street. 3. Don't go by bus. You ... take the underground. I'm afraid you will be late. 4. It's a long way from here. She ... walk down the street and take a taxi. 5. Are you well today? ... you go as far as Red Square to meet me? 6. John says you may take his car. He will be at home all the day. 7. You ... turn back. They are waiting for you at home. 8. ... you tell me how to get to a bus stop? 9. ...you tell me the way to the nearest school? 10. How... I get to the Pushkin Museum? You... take the Underground

Упражнение 7. Вставьте вместо точек соответствующие модальные глаголы (have to, be to, ought to) и переведите предложения.

1. The conference will start at 7 p.m. You ... take a taxi at 6. 30 p. m. 2. We shall see him off at 3 p.m. tomorrow. She ... go to the railway station at 2 p.m. 3. These traffic lights don't work here. We ... go to the crossing round the corner. 4. Bus 5 doesn't stop here. She ...go to the next stop. 5. It's too late to go on foot. They ... take trolleybus and go as far as Red Square. 6. You ... help that old man to cross the street. 7. She doesn't know this town. He... show her the way to the hotel. 8. His new friend doesn't know how to get to the Institute. He ... help her. 9. This bus is late. She ... take a taxi. 10. They ... take a train at 4 p.m.

Упражнение 8. Замените глаголы в скобках соответствующими английскими глаголами и переведите предложения.

1. You (следует) work hard at the lesson. 2. They (приходится) to get up early every morning. 3. (Разрешите) I ask you a question? 4. The lecture (должна) to begin at 9 o'clock. 5. In order to enter the University an applicant (должен) pass the entrance examinations successfully. 6. You (следует) to visit your parents. 7. We (сможем) to work when we graduate from the University.

Упражнение 9. Замените глаголы в скобках соответствующими английскими глаголами и переведите предложения.

c) This case (не должно) be decided by the magistrate. 2. A sentence (может) be given tomorrow. 3. A decision (необходимо) be reached this week.

Упражнение 10. Переведите предложения на английский язык.

1. Вам следует быть более внимательным (more attentive). 2. Разрешите мне представить (present) данную (this) информацию? 3. Граждане (citizens) не должны нарушать (break) закон. 4. Вы можете решить (solve) эту проблему? 5. Чтобы (in order to) получить диплом мы должны хорошо учиться. 6. Лекция должна начаться в 9.00. 7. Можно я помогу Вам перевести этот текст? 8. Вам не нужно защищать (defend) нас. 9. Вы можете подготовить (prepare) доклад к завтрашнему дню? 10. Вам не нужно делать это упражнение письменно (in written form). 11. Собрание (meeting) должно начаться в 10.00. 12. Извините, можно мне открыть окно?

Упражнение 11. Вставьте подходящие модальные глаголы (must, can, need).

d) I ... not believe. I failed another test. — But you ... go to more classes and fewer parties. 2. Perhaps we ... meet next week. 3. ... he speak English in childhood? 4. My neighbours ... grow their own vegetables. 5. ... you turn the music down, please. 6. I ... not believe. I am already out of money. — You ... learn not to spend so much. — But I ... not help it, there are just things that I ... to buy. 7. If you want to improve your English, you ... work very hard. 8. ... I take this book? — Certainly, but you ... not give it to anybody. 9. Mother, ... I go to the country tomorrow? — No, you ... not. The doctor says you ... stay at home for a day or two. 10. There is something wrong with your television set. You ... call a repairman. — Oh, we ... not do it! My brother ... fix it himself. 11. ... we bring these textbooks every day? — No, you ... not: you ... take them from the library. 12. ... you go to the country with us? — No, I am afraid I ... not: I ... go to the library.

Упражнение 12. Вставьте подходящие модальные глаголы (must, may, can, need, to have to, to be able to).

You ... not come to help them tomorrow: the work is done. 2. You ... not e) change the whole text as the beginning is all right. You ... only rewrite the second part of it. 3. ... you help me now? — I am afraid not: I am in a great hurry. I shall be free in the evening. Come to my place at about eight, and I ... help you. 4. John ... not tell us the rules of the game: we know them. 5. ... I return the book to you on Friday? I am afraid I ... not finish it before. No, that is too late. You ... bring it to me not later than Wednesday. 6. It is already six o'clock. We ... hurry if we don't want to be late. 7. ... you translate this text into English? — I think I 8. They spent all the morning on the river bank. Only Ann ... return home as she ... not stay in the sun for such a long time. 9. How do you feel when you ... take a test? — I'm always a little frightened and unhappy. 10. She ... decorate a room nicely. 11. We ... not afford to pay the bill. 12. He's got a lung problem and he ... go to hospital every two weeks. 13. Ann ... not go to his birthday party yesterday because she ... go to the dentist. 14. You ... take medicine three times a day before meals. You ... not stop taking it until you have finished the bottle. Don't forget. You ... drink water as much as you You ... get up tomorrow if you like. You ... not stay in bed all the time. But you ... not do any work at all. You ... just relax for a few days.

Упражнение 13. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя подходящие по смыслу модальные глаголы (can, may, needn't).

б) Вы можете взять эту книгу, если хотите. 2.Вы можете взять эту книгу: она не тяжелая. 3.Вы можете и не брать эту книгу. 4. Я не могу взять эту книгу. 5. Подумай только: можно было и не ходить туда. 6. Можешь сразу не соглашаться: подумай несколько дней. 7. Можете сегодня туда пойти. 8. Можете сегодня туда не ходить. 9. Можете не переписывать сочинение. 10. Можете остаться: ведь у вас есть время. 11. Можете остаться, если хотите. 12. Можете не оставаться, если не хотите. 13. Можете не говорить ему об этом. 14. Можете сказать ему об этом. 15. Нам можно не повторять эти правила: мы их

знаем. 16. Можно было и не писать сочинение. 17. Он мог и не приходить: все было уже сделано.

Упражнение 14. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя подходящие по смыслу модальные глаголы (can, can't, may, must, needn't, shouldn't).

д) Ты можешь пойти туда: я не возражаю. 2.Ты можешь пойти туда: это совсем близко. 3.Ты не можешь пойти туда: ты не знаешь адреса. 4. Ты можешь не ходить туда: я могу им позвонить. 5. Ты не должен идти туда: они очень плохие люди. 6. Ты мог и не ходить туда вчера. 7. Тебе следует пойти туда: они тебя ждут. 8. Тебе следовало пойти туда вчера. 9. Тебе не следовало ходить туда вчера. 10. Она, должно быть, дома сейчас. 11. Она, должно быть, была дома вчера. 12. Мы, может быть, придем к вам завтра. 13. Они, может быть, приходили к нам вчера, но нас не было дома. 14. Он, должно быть, видел этот памятник, когда был в вашем городе. 15. Он, может быть, видел этот памятник, когда был в вашем городе. 16. Не может быть, что он знает эту картину. 17. Не может быть, что он видел эту картину.

Упражнение 15. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя подходящие по смыслу модальные глаголы и выражения (can, can't, may, must, to have to, to be able to).

h) Я должна купить торт сегодня. 2. Мой брат не умеет говорить поанглийски. 3. Моя сестра умеет говорить по-немецки. 4. Можно, я посмотрю вашу фотографию? 5. Вы можете показать мне свою фотографию? 6. Не может быть, что ему сорок лет: он выглядит гораздо моложе. 7. Не может быть, что он забыл прийти. Он, должно быть, был очень занят. 8. Мы, может быть, поедем за город, если будет хорошая погода. 9. Если сестра не купит мне кофе, мне придется идти в магазин самой. 10. Я не могу найти свои часы. — Может быть, вы оставили их на работе. — Нет, я не могла оставить их на работе: я никогда не снимаю их с руки. 11. Вы сможете поговорить с ним завтра? 12. Я, должно быть, заблудилась. Вы не можете мне сказать, как пройти к Эрмитажу? 13. Мне пришлось прочесть массу книг, когда я готовилась к докладу. 14. Я не мог вспомнить последние строчки сонета, и мне пришлось звонить своему другу.

Упражнение 16. Выберите в скобках правильный вариант модального глагола. Переведите предложения.

1.He ... (can't/couldn't) open the window as it was stuck. 2. Interpreters ... (may/must) translate without dictionaries. 3.... (Can/May) I use me your bike for today? 4.... (May/Could) you give me the recipe for this cake? 5. I hardly ever see Jane, she ... (may/might) have moved to Africa. 6. Take an umbrella. It ... (may/can) rain. 7. You ... (could/should) stop smoking. You know you ... (cannot/must not) buy health. 8. You ... (may/must) finish the article as soon as possible. 9. Liz doesn't ... (ought to/have to) keep to a diet anymore. 10. Lara ... (can/might) get a play station for her birthday. 11. You ... (must not/needn't) read in the dark. 12. My grandfather is retired, so he ... (shouldn't/doesn't have to) go to work. 13. The fridge is full, so we ... (must not/needn't) go shopping. 14. Our employees ... (can/must) sign this agreement. 15. We ... (may/ought to) reserve a table in advance if we want to have dinner there. 16. I ... (can't/needn't) believe it! You ... (have to/must) be joking. 17. Ann ... (must/is to) finish school next year. 18. Sorry, I'm late. I ... (needed to/had to) wait for the plumber. 19. What time do we ... (should/have to) be at the railway station? 20. Don't wait for me tonight. I ... (might/must) be late. 21. I ... (may not/can't) watch this film. It's too boring. 22. We've got a dishwasher, so you ... (couldn't/needn't) wash-up. 23. You look very pale, I think you ... (need/should) stay at home. 24.... (Could/Might) you, please, pass me the mustard?

Упражнение 17. Преобразуйте предложения с модальными глаголами в прошедшее время, начиная с данных слов. Используйте could, had to, was to, was allowed to.

Bob can't dive. (Боб не умеет нырять.) — Last year Bob couldn't dive. (В прошлом году Боб не умел нырять.)

- 1. You must show your identity card here. (Ты должен показать удостоверение личности здесь.) Last night ...
- 2. We can't buy a new car. (Мы не можем купить новую машину.) Last summer ...
- 3. Mike may take my laptop computer for a couple of hours. (Майк может взять мой ноутбук на пару часов.) This morning ...
- 4. Victor has to call his mother. (Виктору нужно позвонить своей маме.) Yesterday ...
- 5. You don't need to paper the walls. (Вам не нужно оклеивать стены обоями.) Yesterday ...
- 6. She is to be at the office at 9 a.m. (Ей нужно быть в офисе в 9 утра.) Last Friday ...
- 7. You must not tell lies. (Ты не должен лгать.) Last night ...

Упражнение 18. Преобразуйте предложения с модальными глаголами в будущее время, начиная с данных слов. Используйте will be able to, will be allowed to, will have to.

The baby can talk. (Малыш умеет разговаривать.) – Soon the baby will be able to talk. (Скоро малыш сможет разговаривать.)

- 1. He can't get the tickets. (Он не может достать билеты.) I'm afraid ...
- 2. You may use my camera. (Ты можешь пользоваться моей камерой.) Tomorrow ...
- 3. I am to wait for him at the airport. (Мне нужно подождать его в аэропорту.) Next Sunday ...
- 4. You must tell me the truth. (Ты обязан рассказать мне правду.) Very soon \dots
- 5.I have to take these pills 3 times a day. (Мне нужно пить эти таблетки 3 раза в день.) Tomorrow ...
- 6. I can read this book in Italian. (Я могу прочитать эту книгу на итальянском языке.) In two years ...

Упражнение 19. Переведите английские пословицы, обращая внимание на модальные глаголы. Постарайтесь вспомнить русские эквиваленты пословиц, где это возможно.

- 1. A man can do no more than he can.
- 2. Anyone who has to ask the price cannot afford it.
- 3. People who live in glass houses should not throw stones at their neighbours.
- 4. You must learn to walk before you can run.
- 5. He who falls today may rise tomorrow.
- 6. A bird may be known by its song.
- 7. He who laughs at crooked men should need to walk very straight.
- 8. Talk of the devil and he is to appear.
- 9. A tree must be bent while young.
- 10. The wind can't be caught in a net.

Упражнение 20. Дайте совет, используя модальный глагол should. (Возможны несколько советов.)

My eyes are tired. (Mou глаза устали.) — You should go to bed. (Тебе следует поспать.)

i) I am cold. (Мне холодно.) 2. I am thirsty. (Я хочу пить.) 3. I am hungry. (Я голоден.) 4. My life is too hectic. (Моя жизнь слишком насыщенная.) 5. I've caught a cold. (Я простудился.) 6. Somebody has stolen my purse. (Кто-то украл мой кошелек.)

Упражнение 21. Составьте предложения с модальными глаголами, расставив слова в нужном порядке. Переведите получившиеся предложения.

Don't / to / I / answer / have / questions / your. - I don't have to answer your questions. (Я не обязан отвечать на ваши вопросы.)

- 1. the party / Linda / to / come / might / tonight.
- 2. round / work / have to / farmers / the year / all.

- 3.you / not / hospital / noise / must / make / in.
- 4.the light / I / switch / may / on ?
- 5.your / look / could / passport / I / at?
- 6.my / cook / can / quite / wife / well.
- 7.catch / last / able to / we / were / train / the.
- 8.not / jeans / you / must / wear / to / school.
- 9.didn't / you / drink / have to / much / yesterday / so.
- 10.ought to / bill / Robert / the electricity / pay / today.
- 11.better / we / find / a / should / job.
- 12.too much / you / salt / and / eat / sugar / shouldn't.
- 13.do / get / to / Turkey / I / have to / a visa?
- 14.he / manners / improve / his / needs to.
- 15.needn't / you / complain.

<u>Тесты</u>

- 1. My brother ... speak several foreign languages.
- a) may
- b) can
- c) must
- 2. Can you use his dictionaries? I'm afraid I.... He needs them.
- a) can't
- b) mustn't
- c) shouldn't
- 3. ... you pass the fruit? Here you are.
- a) Could
- b) Must
- c) Will
- 4. May I take this book home? No, you
- a) can't
- b) may not
- c) you will not

a) could b) might c) was able to 6. All children ... enter the park. Admission is free. a) can b) may c) are allowed to 7. Some bus windows ... be opened except in case of emergency. a) can't b) mustn't c) may not 8. I... leave home at 7.45 in the morning not to be late for classes. a) ought b) have to c) 've got to 9. He ... change his job as his salary has been increased. a) mustn't b) can't c) doesn't have to 10. If I am in a hurry, I... to get a taxi. a) shall be able b) can c) must 11. It... outside; some people have put up their umbrellas. a) must be raining b) must rain c) must have rain 12. Why ... they ... to sell the house? — Because they were going at Bristol. a) were ... able

5. The manager ... see me only late in the evening.

b) did ... have c) will... have 13. You ... hurry. There is plenty of time left. a) don't need to b) needn't c) mustn't 14. Must I type all letters today? — No, you ... till tomorrow. a) needn't b) mustn't c) won't 15. The students ... the test for two hours now. a) must write b) must be writing c) must have been writing 16. It's rather stuffy in here. We ... to get out. a) must b) 've got c) should 17. You 'd better listen to the speaker, you ... learn something. a) may b) might c) must 18. We ... him about the incident: he bad told us everything. a) needn't have asked b) didn't have to ask 19. People say that Ann and Joe ... to get married next month. a) ought b) have c) are

20. The parents know that children play with matches.
a) must not
b) needn't
c) shouldn't be permitted to
21. Helen looks sick; she see a doctor.
a) can
b) should
c) ought to
22. People be careless when crossing roads against the traffic lights.
a) shouldn 't
b) will not
c) ought not
23. I not answer your improper questions. — You regret it.
a) will; shall
b) would; should
c) need; must
24. The old sailor come to the shore every night and sit there for hours looking at
the sea.
a) would
b) will
c) should
25. I wanted to speak to the chief but he not listen to me.
a) should
b) would
c) will
26. I to go now. I to meet the delegation.
a) have got; am
b) must, must
c) am, should

- 27. They ..., but I am not sure. a) may have arrived b) might have arrived c) must have arrived 28. They ... there on Monday, but the meeting was postponed. a) must have met b) were to have met c) are to meet 29. All the computers ... to be tested before we start working. a) must b) have c) should 30. Why didn't you answer the door bell? — I ... asleep. a) must have been b) ought to have been c) should have been 31. Mary has caught cold. — No wonder. She ... out without an umbrella last night. a) couldn't have gone b) shouldn't have gone c) mustn't have gone 32. She ... get up early because she was on the sick-list. a) didn't need to b) didn't have to c) needn't have
- c. mayd. must

a. could

b. might

33.I am sorry... I come in?

e. need

34. I do this work yesterday. I was busy.
a. mustn't
b. can't
c. couldn't
d. aren't
e. weren't
35. Must I wear these shoes? – No, you…
a. mustn't
b. can't
c. weren't
d. isn't
e. aren't
36. My grandfather to leave school when he was 15.
a. must
b. can
c. is
d. are
e. had to
37. I speak French last year.
a. can't
b. may not
c. must not
d. couldn't
e. hasn't
38. You will speak English in 3 years.
a. can
b. has
c. had
d. be able to

- 39. I can swim, but my friend ...
- a. is not
- b. can't
- c. don't
- d. needn't
- e. aren't

СОГЛАСОВАНИЕ ВРЕМЕН. КОСВЕННАЯ РЕЧЬ

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Переведите предложения из прямой речи в косвенную.

j) Mary said: "George is a student". 2) John said: "I became a detective two months ago". 3) George said: "I am performing my everyday duties now". 4) Jane said: "I have come to the shop". 5) John said: "The student have prepared the report on Maths". 6) He said: "I have not examined all the documents".

Упражнение 2. Раскройте скобки, выбирая требующееся время глагола.

k) My friend asked me who (is playing, was playing) the piano in the sitting room.

2. He said he (will come, would come) to the station to see me off. 3. I was sure he (posted, had posted) the letter. 4. I think the weather (will be, would be) fine next week. I hope it (will not change, would not change) for the worse. 5. I knew that he (is, was) a very clever man. 6. I want to know what he (has bought, had bought) for her birthday. 7. I asked my sister to tell me what she (has seen, had seen) at the museum. 8. He said he (is staying, was staying) at the Ritz Hotel. 9. They realized that they (lost, had lost) their way in the dark. 10. He asked me where I (study, studied).

11. I thought that I (shall finish, should finish) my work at that time. 12. He says he (works, worked) at school two years ago. 13. Victor said he (is, was) very busy.

Упражнение 3. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в требующемся времени.

I knew they (to wait) for me at the metro station and I decided to hurry. 2. I didn't know that you already (to wind) up the clock. 3. I was afraid that the little girl

(not to be) able to unlock the front door and (to go) upstairs to help her. 4. He says that he (to know) the laws of the country. 5. Sarie understood why Lanny (not to come) the previous evening. 6. She asked me whether I (to remember) the legend about a faithful lion. 7. He understood that the soldiers (to arrest) him. 8. He could not understand why people (not to want) to take water from that well. 9. I suppose they (to send) a dog after the burglar immediately. 10. He said he (to leave) tomorrow morning. 11. She says she already (to find) the book. 12. He stopped and listened: the clock (to strike) five. 13. She said she (can) not tell me the right time, her watch (to be) wrong. 14. I asked my eighbor if he ever (to travel) by air before. 15. The policeman asked George where he (to run) so early. 16. The delegates were told that the guide just (to go) out and (to be) back in ten minutes.

Упражнение 4. Переведите на английский язык, соблюдая правило согласования времен.

м) Я знала, что она работает на заводе, что у нее есть муж и двое детей, что семья у нее очень дружная и она счастлива. 2. Он сказал мне вчера, что раньше он учился в университете. 3. Мы решили на прошлой неделе, что будущим летом мы все поедем в Крым. 4. Сестра сказала, что хочет приехать к нам сама. 5. Я знала, что она очень занята. 6. Никто не знал, что вы ждете здесь. Пойдемте в дом. 7. Гид предупредил нас, что в этой части города движение довольно сильное. 8. Секретарь не заметил, что директор с кем-то разговаривает. 9. Все мы знали, что ее семья опять в Санкт-Петербурге. 10. Лена сказала, что она дарит нам эту картину. 11. Она сказала, что ее коллеги всегда дают ей прекрасные советы. 12. Он сказал, что любит эту пьесу. 13. В прошлом году они думали, что никогда не будут хорошо читать по-английски, но вчера они увидели, что читают тексты довольно хорошо. 14. Он сказал мне вчера, что его отец — профессор и живет в Москве.

Упражнение 5. Переведите на английский язык, соблюдая правило согласования времен.

п) Я боялся, что заблужусь в лесу. 2. Она знала, что мы никогда не видели ее картины. 3. Ученый был уверен, что найдет решение проблемы. 4. Я знал, что ты приехал в Санкт-Петербург, и полагал, что ты навестишь меня. 5. Мы не думали, что он так рассердится. 6. Мы вчера узнали, что она больна. 7. Он думал, что она не придет в школу. 8. Я знал, что моя сестра изучает французский язык, и думал, что она поедет в Париж. 9. Мне сказали, что ты мне звонил. 10. Я думал, что ты в Москве. 11. Я не знал, что ты уже вернулся в Санкт-Петербург. 12. Мы надеялись, что поедем в Лондон. 13. Учитель сказал, что наши друзья прислали письмо из Лондона. 14. Она сказала, что ее подруга пригласила ее в театр. 15. Мы боялись, что не купим билет в театр. 16. Мы увидели, что дети играют в песке. 17. Она сказала, что больше не будет купаться, потому что вода холодная.

Упражнение 6. Передайте следующие повелительные предложения в косвенной речи.

o) "Explain to me how to solve this problem," said my friend to me. 2. The doctor said to Nick, "Open your mouth and show me your tongue." 3. "Don't be afraid of my dog," said the man to Kate. 4. "Take this book and read it," said the librarian to the boy. 5. The doctor said to Pete, "Don't go for a walk today." 6. "Don't eat too much ice cream," said Nick's mother to him. 7. "Go home," said the teacher to us. 8. "Buy some meat in the shop," said my mother to me. 9. "Sit down at the table and do your homework," said my mother to me. 10. "Don't forget to clean your teeth," said granny to Helen. 11. "Don't sit up late," said the doctor to Mary.

Упражнение 7. Передайте следующие повелительные предложения в косвенной речи.

p) The teacher said to me, "Hand this note to your parents, please." 2. Oleg said to his sister, "Put the letter into an envelope and give it to Kate." 3. "Please help me

with this work, Henry," said Robert. 4. "Please bring me some fish soup," ho said to the waitress. 5. "Bring me a cup of black coffee," she said to the waiter. 6. "Don't be late for dinner," said mother to us. 7. Jane said to us, "Please tell me all you know about it." 8. He said to us, "Come here tomorrow." 9. I said to Mike, "Send me a telegram as soon as you arrive." 10. Father said to me, "Don't stay there long." 11. Peter said to them, "Don't leave the room until I come back." 12. "Take my luggage to Room 145," he said to the porter. 13. He said to me, "Ring me up tomorrow." 14. She said to Nick, "Please don't say anything about it to your sister."

Упражнение 8. Передайте следующие повествовательные предложения в косвенной речи.

Q) Oleg said, "My room is on the second floor." 2. He said, "I am sure she will ring me up when she is back in St, Petersburg." 3. Misha said, "I saw them at my parents' house last year." 4. He said, "I haven't seen my cousin today." 5. "I don't go to this shop very often," she said. 6. Tom said, "I have already had breakfast, so I am not hungry." 7. He said, "I have just received a letter from my uncle." 8. "I am going to the theatre tonight," he said to me. II. Mike said, "I spoke to Mr. Brown this morning." 10. He said to her, "I shall do it today if I have time." 11. I said to them, "I can give you my uncle's address."

Упражнение 9. Передайте следующие повествовательные предложения в косвенной речи.

r) The woman said to her son, "I am glad I am here." 2. Mike said, "We have bought these books today." 3. She said to me, "Now I can read your translation." 4. "This man spoke to me on the road," said the woman. 5. "I can't explain this rule to you," said my classmate to me. 6. The teacher said to the class, "We shall discuss this subject tomorrow." 7. Our teacher said, "Thackeray's novels are very interesting." 8. She said, "You will read this book in the 9th form." 9. Nellie said, "I read 'Jane Eyre' last year." 10. "My friend lives in Moscow," said Alec. 11. "You have not done your work well," said the teacher to me.

Упражнение 10. Передайте следующие повествовательные предложения в косвенной речи.

my holidays in the Crimea last year." 3. Boris said, "I go to the south every year." 4. He said, "I am going to a health resort tomorrow." 5. Ann said to us, "They haven't yet come." 6. She said to us, "They arrived in St. Petersburg yesterday." 7. I said, "I have been in London for a fortnight's holiday. My friends in London sometimes invite me to spend my leisure time with them." 8. Nick said, "I have never been to London. I think I shall go there next year." 9. He said, "I shall not stay with my friends too long." 10. He said to me, "They are staying at the Grand Hotel Europe." 11. He said, "They are leaving next Monday." 12. The clerk said to them, "You can leave the key with the maid upstairs."

Упражнение 11. Передайте следующие повествовательные предложения в косвенной речи.

the mother said, "The children are in the nursery, doctor." 2. "I have no time for lunch today," said the boy to his mother. 3. "You speak English very well," said the woman to me. 4. My brother said to me, "I am going to become a doctor." 5. My uncle said to us, "I buy several newspapers every day." 6. The teacher said to the pupils, "Next year we shall have six hours of English a week." 7. He said to me, "I want to see you today." 8. She said, "I am free tonight". 9. Mother said to me, "I feel bad today." 10. The pupil said to the teacher, "I can do my homework after dinner." 11. The teacher said to Jack, "You work hard, I know. You are a good boy." 12. The old man said to the girl, "You can sing perfectly. I think you will be a famous singer." 13. My sister said to me, "You look very well, much better than you looked yesterday. I think you have recovered after your illness." 14. "You are an excellent cook. Everything is so tasty," said my guest to me. 15. The student said, "I can't answer this question. I don't understand it.»

Упражнение 12. Передайте следующие повествовательные предложения в косвенной речи. Употребляйте любое существительное или местоимение в роли подлежащего главного предложения.

u) I shall come as soon as I am ready. 2. You will know that I have gone to the concert if I am not at home by eight. 3. I'll come to the Philharmonic with you if you get tickets. 4. Five years ago there were no people living here at all. 5. I shall go skiing on Sunday if I have time. 6. They finished building this house only last week. 7. It will be so pleasant when Tom comes home. 8. I shall do it now if you like. 9. My brother was here today. 10. It's a pity you didn't come earlier. 11. There will be an interesting lecture at the school assembly hall tomorrow. One of our teachers will speak about Charles Dickens. 12. Last year I spent my summer vacation in the Caucasus. 13. I came to live in this town several years ago. 14. I'll be reading you a story until it is time to go to bed. 15. I have read all about it in today's newspaper.

Упражнение 13. Восстановите прямую речь в следующих предложениях.

v) Tom said he would go to see the doctor the next day. 2. He told me he was ill. 3. He told me he had fallen ill. 4. They told me that Tom had not come to school the day before. 5. I told my sister that she might catch cold. 6. She told me she had caught cold. 7. He said that while crossing the English Channel they had stayed on deck all the time. 8. The woman said she had felt sick while crossing the Channel. 9. She said she was feeling bad that day. 10. The old man told the doctor that he had pain in his right side. 11. He said he had just been examined by a good doctor. 12. He said he would not go to school until Monday. 13. The man said he had spent a month at a health resort. 14. He said that his health had greatly improved since then.

Упражнение 14. Передайте следующие специальные вопросы в косвенной речи.

w) I said to Nick, "Where are you going?" 2. I said to him, "How long are you going to stay there?" 3. I said to him, "How long will it take you to get there?" 4. He said to her, "Where do you usually spend your summer holidays?" 5. Ann said to

Mike, "When did you leave London?" 6. She said to Boris, "When will you be back home?" 7. Boris said to them, "How can I get to the railway station?" 8. Mary asked Tom, "What time will you come here tomorrow?" 9. She asked me, "Why didn't you come here yesterday?" 10. She asked me, "What will you do tomorrow if you are not busy at your office?" 11. Pete said to his friends, "When are you leaving St. Petersburg?" 12. He said to them, "Who will you see before you leave here?" 13. They said to him, "What time does the train start?" 14. I asked Mike, "What will you do after dinner?" 15. I asked my uncle, "How long did you stay in the Crimea?" 16. Mother said to me, "Who has brought this parcel?" 17. Ada said to me, "Where did you see such trees?" 18. I said to Becky, "What kind of book has your friend brought you?"

Упражнение 15. Передайте следующие общие вопросы в косвенной речи.

x) I said to Boris, "Does your friend live in London?" 2. I said to the man, "Are you living in a hotel?" 3. Nick said to his friend, "Will you stay at the Hilton?" 4. He said to me, "Do you often go to see your friends?" 5. He said to me, "Will you see your friends before you leave St. Petersburg?" 6. Mike said to Jane, "Will you come to the railway station to see me off?" 7. She said to me, "Have you sent them a telegram?" 8. She said to me, "Did you send them a telegram yesterday?" 9. I said to Mike, "Have you packed your suit-case?" 10.1 said to Kate, "Did anybody meet you at the station?" 11. I said to her, "Can you give me their address?" 12. I asked Tom, "Have you had breakfast?" 13. I asked my sister, "Will you stay at home or go for a walk after dinner?" 14.1 said to my mother, "Did anybody come to see me?" 15. I asked my sister, "Will Nick call for you on the way to school?" 16. She said to the young man, "Can you call a taxi for me?" 17. Mary said to Peter, "Have you shown your photo to Dick?" 18. Oleg said to me, "Will you come here tomorrow?"

Упражнение 16. Передайте следующие общие вопросы в косвенной речи, начиная каждое предложение со слов, данных в скобках.

y) Have they sold the picture? (I did not know...) 2. Do they know anything about it? (I wondered...) 3. Has Jack given you his telephone number? (She asked me...) 4. Is he coming back today? (I was not sure...) 5. Have you found the book? (She asked me...) 6. Are there any more books here? (The man asked...) 7. Did she go shopping yesterday (I wanted to know...) 8. Has she bought the dictionary? (He did not ask her...) 9. Does she know the name of the man? (I doubted...) 10. Did Boris see the man this morning? (I asked...)

Упражнение 17. Передайте следующие вопросительные предложения в косвенной речи.

z) Kate said, "Mike, do you like my dress?" 2. Grandfather said to Mary, "What mark did you get at school?" 3. My sister said to me, "Will you take me to the theatre with you tomorrow?" 4. Mother asked me, "Did you play with your friends yesterday?" 5. "Why don't you play with your friends, Kate?" said her mother. 6. "Do you like chocolates?" said my little sister to me. 7. "Did you see your granny yesterday, Lena?" asked Mr. Brown. 8. The doctor asked Nick, "Do you wash your face and hands every morning?" 9. The teacher said to Mike, "Does your father work at a factory?" 10. Mother said to us, "What are you doing here?"

Упражнение 18. Восстановите прямую речь в следующих предложениях.

aa) I asked if they had taken the sick man to hospital. 2. I asked my friend if he had a headache. 3. I wanted to know when he had fallen ill. 4. I wondered if he had taken his temperature. 5. I asked him if the doctor had given him some medicine.6. I asked him if he was feeling better now. 7. I asked him if he was going to a health resort. 8. We asked the girl if her father was still in Moscow. 9. I asked the girl what sort of work her father did.

Упражнение 19. Передайте следующие предложения в косвенной речи.

bb) "Do you like my pies, Ann?" asked her grandmother. 2. "Sit down at the table and do your homework," said Tom's mother to him. 3. "What did you do at school yesterday, John?" said his father. 4. "Will you play the piano today, Helen?" asked her aunt. 5. My uncle said, "We shall visit you next week." 6. "Don't cross the street under the red light," said the man to Nick. 7. "I borrowed a very good book from our library yesterday," said Mike to his father. 8. "Come to my house tomorrow, Jane," said Lena. 9. "Where are your books, Betsy?" said her mother.

Тесты

- 1.Greg said that ... a new job.
- a) he will need
- b) he needed
- c) would he need
- 2.Tim complained that he ... at four o'clock in the morning.
- a) is working
- b) will be working
- c) was working
- 3.He said that he ... that film.
- a) had already seen
- b) has already seen
- c) was seen
- 4. Anna explained to me that the hairdresser's ... down the road.
- a) is located
- b) was located
- c) locates
- 5. Charles said that he ... me the following day.
- a) would have called
- b) will call
- c) would call

- 6. Bill asked me what ... for dinner the day before.

 a) I have made
 b) I had made
 c) had I made
 7. He said that If I ... Kathrin, she ... me.
 a) ask / will help
 b) have asked / would help
 c) asked / would help
 8. I was worried if ... enough space to buy a new TV set to my room.
 a) I would have
 b) would I have
 c) I will have
 - 9. Alex wondered if ... for the weekend at his place.
 - a) his sister will stay
 - b) his sister was going to stay
 - c) his sister is going to stay
 - 10. I wasn't sure if my purchases ... or not and I didn't know whom to ask about it.
 - a) delivered
 - b) had been delivered
 - c) will be delivered
 - 11. Ben asked him whether he ... a motorcycle.
 - a) could ride
 - b) can ride
 - c) will ride
 - 12. The police officer ... the car.
 - a) orders to stopped
 - b) would order stopping
 - c) ordered him to stop
 - 13. Pam asked him why he ... his job.
 - a) wanted to leaving

b) wants to leave c) wanted to leave 14. He said the bus ... a little late that day. a) will be b) might be c) can be 15. Pam ... to the cinema. a) suggested going b) suggests to go c) suggested to go 16. It was very late, so I ... to bed. a) say I am going b) said I go c) said I was going 17. He said the fire ... a lot of damage to the building. a) had been doing b) will do c) had done 18. Simon was wrong when he said that Andrew ... to his new apartment the next day. a) would have moved b) would be moving c) moved 19. She told him that he ... harder. a) should study b) will study c) can study 20. He said that if he ... so quickly, the accident ... even worse.

a) had acted / would be

b) had been acting / would be

- c) hadn't acted / would have been
- 21. She told us that the new furniture ... the day before.
- a) had been delivered
- b) would be delivered
- c) will be delivered
- 22. She was worried that her son ... very well that semester.
- a) isn't studying
- b) wasn't studying
- c) doesn't study
- 23. They warned us that the manager ... the office the following day.
- a) will inspect
- b) had inspect
- c) would inspect
- 24. He ... the money he had earned.
- a) demands
- b) demanded to be given
- c) demanded to have given
- 25. He admitted ... my secret.
- a) having given away
- b) to give away
- c) have given
- 26. He claimed that he ... a prize.
- a) had won
- b) had been winning
- c) will win
- 27. He complained that he ... enough money to buy such an expensive present.
- a) doesn't earn
- b) would not be earning
- c) didn't earn
- 28. Our teacher insisted on ... by Friday.

- a) our finishing
- b) our to finish
- c) to finish
- 29. She explained that she ... him because he was rude.
- a) liked
- b) didn't like
- c) would like
- 30. He said that Tom was the best student he
- a) was teaching
- b) would teach
- c) had ever taught

ГЕРУНДИЙ

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Определите форму герундия.

Having been booked; being punished; having released; being accused; having been charged; being arraigned, being corrected; having been rehabilitated.

Упражнение 2. Переведите следующие предложения, используя герундий.

сс) Мы были удивлены, узнав о его женитьбе. 2. Постарайся избежать того, чтобы ты делал ошибки. 3. Я не возражаю против того, чтобы вы подписали эти документы 5. Мы думаем поехать за город. 6. Учиться в университете интересно. 7. Мы не возражаем против того, чтобы вы просмотрели эти документы. 8. Я помню, что переводил эту статью. 9. Благодарю вас за то, что вы спасли мне жизнь. 10.Довольны ли вы тем, что помогли ему? 11.Вы не переведете правильно, не зная хорошо грамматики. 12.Мы были удивлены тому, что он не сдержал обещание.

Упражнение	3.	Образуйте	герундий	ОТ	глаголов,	данных	В	скобках,	И
переведите п	ред	ложения на	русский я	ІЗЫІ	к. Обратит	е вниман	ие	на перев	зод
герундия в фу	унк	ции подлеж	ащего.						

1......is the next thing we have to do now (to pack). 2......is not allowed here (to smoke). 3...... makes my brother happy (to drive). 4....... will last very long in this case (to recover). 5........ is my mother's hobby (to cook). 6.......... helps to learn a lot of things (to read). 7........for a long time seems to me rather unpleasant (to wait). 8....... is not always correct (to joke). 9 ...is the way to kill time (to talk). 10....brings nothing (to lie). 11....in a fresh air is important for children (to walk).

Упражнение 4. Образуйте герундий от данных глаголов, заполните пропуски по смыслу и переведите предложения. Обратите внимание на перевод герундия в функции прямого дополнения.

(to paint, to publish, to discuss, to stay, to leave, to go, to open, to close, to spend, to have, to play, to watch, to sign, to translate, to drive, to decorate, to celebrate, to speak, to travel)

aa) I enjoyChristmas and New Year together with my Irlends. 2. My
brother enjoyshis new car. 3. Some of my colleagues enjoytime in night
clubs. 4. Have you finishedyour room? 5. When are you going to
finishthis matter? 6. Who was the first to finishthe article? 7. Do
you practicethe piano every day? 8. My brother is going to
practiceforeign languages
abroad. 10. Don't you mindthe window? 11. Don't you mind
lunch now? 12. I don't mind TV in the evening. 13. My
grandmother doesn't mind in the country all the summer. 14. Do you
suggestto the country at the week-end? 15. I suggestabroad next month.
16. My father suggestsfor Australia. 17. Are you going to postponethe
agreement? 18. Is it possible to postponethe exhibition? 19. My uncle is not
going to postponehis new book.

Упражнение 5. Дополните следующие предложения с герундием в функции прямого дополнения притяжательными местоимениями или существительными в притяжательном падеже. Переведите предложения на русский язык:

e.g. / enjoy.....playing golf (I, my sister)

I enjoy my playing golf; I enjoy my sister's playing golf.

1. I don't mind.....smoking here (you, your friend). 2. I suggest.... going abroad (we, my brother). 3. Does your teacher excuse.....being late for lessons? (you, your sister) 4. Can you forgive.....lying to you? (I, your friend). 5. Do you enjoy.....having a lot of friends? (you, your sister) 6. Is your colleague going to postpone.....entering the university? (he, his wife) 7. Do you suggest.... staying at home next Sunday? (we, these children) 8. I don't mind.....joining me (you, your sister). 9. My sister didn't forgive.....spending all the money on computer games (I, our brother).

Упражнение 6. Переведите данные глаголы, употребляемые с герундием, и дополните предложения герундиальным оборотом. Переведите предложения на русский язык:

to regret, to avoid, to deny, to imagine
e.g. / regret...... (to have only one brother).

I regret (my) having only one brother.

1. My colleague regrets..... (to be away from the family). 2. My friend regrets......... (not to live abroad). 3.I don't regret..... (to be employed at this firm). 4. Our neighbours don't regret......(to hold a hotel at the seaside). 5. My sister tries to avoid...... (to catch cold in winter). 6. My father avoids..... (to be stopped by road police). 7. I always try to avoid...... (to be woken up too early on Sunday). 8. My colleague denies...... (to write poems). 9. My sister denies....... (to buy (expensive clothes). 10. My friend denies..... (to take part in a show) 11. I can't imagine...... (to give up music lessons). 12. Our secretary can't imagine...... (to celebrate New Year at the seaside). 13. Can you imagine...... (to shake hands with this unpleasant person)? 14. Can you imagine....... (to be praised by the chief)?

Упражнение 7. Переведите следующие предложения, используя герундий. Обратите внимание на употребление притяжательных местоимений и существительных в притяжательном падеже в функции определения:

ее) Я сожалею, что не говорю ни на одном иностранном языке. 2. Мой брат не сожалеет, что он не женат. 3. Моя подруга не может себе представить, чтобы она нуждалась в деньгах. 4, Ты можешь себе представить, чтобы тебя не любили все твои коллеги? 5. Постарайся избежать того, чтобы ты делал ошибки. 6. Мой брат избегает того, чтобы его кто-нибудь использовал. 7. Моя подруга отрицает, что она получает письма из-за границы. 8. Наш коллега отрицает, что он не живет со своей семьей. 9. Кто предлагает, чтобы мы отложили обсуждение этого вопроса? 10. Я не возражаю против того, чтобы вы подписали эти документы. 11. Мой брат получает удовольствие от своих занятий хоккеем на траве. 12. Вы простите меня за то, что я отложил нашу встречу?

Упражнение 8. Заполните пропуски глаголами в форме Perfect Gerund в действительном или страдательном залоге и переведите предложения на русский язык:

ff) I don't regret my......at the meeting (to speak). 2. This man is suspected of.....a crime (to .commit). 3. I congratulated my cousin on his.....a good job (to find). 4. My mother praised me for my.....and...... the clothes (to wash, to iron). 5. My sister didn't deny her......my mobile telephone on the floor (to drop). 6. My friend complained to me of her..... by her colleagues (to hurt). 7. I can't imagine your..... to help these people (to refuse). 8. My colleagues blamed me for....a meeting with these specialists (not to arrange). 9. Did you object to this medicine..... to you by the doctor? (to prescribe) 10. Instead of....... by my colleagues what I should do I was left alone without any instructions (to explain). 11. In spite of my..... sick I finished my work, and I was ready to demonstrate it to my chief (to be). 12. This man is accused of...... a girl (to murder). 13. Our success depended on..... by this artist (to invite). 14. Our eighbor avoided his....... to the army (to take).

Упражнение 9. Переведите следующие предложения, используя Perfect Gerund:

gg) Мы были уверены в том, что наш коллега не сдержал своего слова. 2. Мы не имели ничего против того, что вы приехали на два дня позже. З. Я не жалею о том, что доктор прописал мне это лекарство. 4. Наша секретарша пожаловалась нам, что начальник отказался продлить ее контракт. 5. Мы подозреваем этого человека в том, что он украл наши вещи. 6. Несмотря на то, что моя подруга отказалась пойти со мной на выставку, я верю, что она простит меня. 7. Как вам удалось избежать того, чтобы попасть в аварию? 8. Мы поздравили нашего друга с тем, что он написал замечательную картину. 9. Эти люди не отрицают того, что они собрали всю информацию о нашем начальнике. 10. Вместо того, чтобы разрешить нам пользоваться этими документами, эти люди спрятали их от нас. 11. Я предпочел, чтобы мне задавали вопросы тому, чтобы рассказывать всю историю сразу. 12. Я думаю о том, что ты вовремя не упаковал вещи, и мы теперь не успеем на поезд. 13. Почему тебя не похвалили за то, что тебе удалось подписать договор? 14. Мы не можем винить этого человека за то, что он изменил свой образ жизни.

Упражнение 10. Переведите на русский язык, обращая внимание на существительные и местоимения перед герундием.

hh) Mother was surprised at her daughter having tidied up the room so quickly. 2. My trying to convince him is of no use. 3. When asked why she had missed the train, she said something about her watch being slow. 4. She approached without my seeing her. 5. She stayed in town the whole summer because of her daughter being ill. 6. I had no idea of his leaving St. Petersburg so soon. 7. Aunt's coming here gives me much pleasure. 8. The librarian did not object to the reader keeping the book one day longer. 9. She said that she knew nothing about the door having been left open.

Упражнение 11. Замените придаточные предложения герундиальными оборотами, вводя их, где необходимо, предлогами, данными в скобках после предложения.

ii) When they entered the house, they heard the last bell ringing, (on) 2. Thank you that you invited me to the theatre, (for) 3. The woman insisted that her husband should consult the doctor at once, (on) 4. She could not even think that the operation might be postponed, (of) 5. There was little hope that James would return on the same day. (of) 6. The thought that he had been turned away by the doorkeeper made him feel miserable, (of) 7. The pleasant-faced middle-aged woman insisted that Olga should come to her town to teach, (on) 8. Helen suggested that they should go on a trip. 9. There is a possibility that my father will join us for the trip, (of) 10. The girls knew that the sportsman had been awarded a prize, (of) 11. I don't mind if you walk to the underground station with me.

Упражнение 12. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя герундий.

јј) Я настаиваю на том, чтобы помочь ей. 2. Он отрицал, что разбил вазу. 3. Она боится потерять свой кошелек. 4. Я не одобряю того, что вы тратите так много времени понапрасну. 5. Они подумывают о том, чтобы поехать на каникулы в Италию, но они еще не решили. 6. Она упрекает (обвиняет) его в том, что он слишком редко звонит ей по телефону. 7. Перестань плакать. 8. Мой маленький брат не давал мне делать уроки. 9. Вы не возражаете, если я приду немного попозже? 10. Продолжайте писать. 11. Папа возражает против того, чтобы я шел с ней в театр. 12. Я не могу не смеяться, когда смотрю на вас. 13. Он с нетерпением ждет получения визы, чтобы поехать в США. 14. Она продолжала принимать те же самые таблетки по совету врача. 15. Мы пытаемся избегать в выходные дни ходить за покупками. 16. Мы получаем удовольствие от прихода наших друзей.

Упражнение 13. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя герундий.

кк) Мы оставили мысль о покупке новой мебели. 2. Она боялась, что ее накажут. 3. Перестань те разговаривать. 4. Я не отрицаю, что был там вчера. 5. Я одобряю ваше желание учить немецкий язык. 6. Вы не возражаете, если я пойду гулять? 7. Я не могу не бояться. 8. Они подозревают, что эта женщина дает ложные показания. 9. Продолжайте работать. 10. Я настаиваю на том, чтобы повидать моего друга. 11. Мама возражает против того, что я много играю в футбол. 12. Он упрекает (обвиняет) меня в том, что я ему не помог. 13. Он и не помышлял (и не мечтал) сделать это. 14. Она не могла не чувствовать, что он солгал ей. 15.Мальчикам в конце концов удалось разгадать загадку (тайну). 16. У меня так сильно болят зубы, что я больше не могу откладывать визит (не пойти) к стоматологу (зубному врачу).

Упражнение 14. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя герундий.

П) Я не могу не думать об этом все время. 2. Я настаиваю на том, чтобы пойти туда. 3. Мама возражает против того, что я засиживаюсь допоздна. 4. Его арестовали, так как полицейские подозревают, что он террорист. 5. Вы не возражаете, если я буду курить в этой комнате? 6. Я одобряю то, что ты помогаешь бабушке. 7. Я думаю о том, чтобы поехать в Австралию. 8. Он бросил играть в футбол с тех пор, как заболел. 9. Он боялся, что его забудут. 10. Продолжайте читать. 11. Никто не одобряет игру в азартные игры. Всякий, кто любит играть в азартные игры, должен (вынужден) быть готов к потере денег. 12. Плохая погода помешала нам поехать за город. 13. Цены продолжают расти. 14. Я с нетерпением буду ждать ответа от моего сына. 15. Ты зависишь от ее помощи в этой трудной ситуации. 16. Дождь только что перестал (кончился, прошел).

Упражнение 15. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя герундий.

mm) Он расплакался. 2. Я не могу не любоваться этой чудесной картиной. 3. Мама возражает против того, что ты поздно приходишь домой. 4. Я одобряю

вашу упорную работу. 5. Она отрицала, что помогла им. 6. Перестань дразнить кошку. 7. Я боюсь простудиться. 8. Если он будет намеренно стараться (упорствовать в попытках) причинять неприятности, его уволят с работы. 9. Я настаиваю на том, чтобы остаться в Санкт-Петербурге. 10. Он упрекает (обвиняет) тебя в том, что ты не пишешь ему письма. 11. Вы не возражаете, если я лягу спать? 12. Продолжайте делать уроки. 13. Она не поблагодарит тебя за то, что ты потерял работу. 14. Она собиралась помочь, но передумала. 15. Они с нетерпением ждут, когда увидятся со своими друзьями из Швейцарии. 16. Вам не хочется (Вы не расположены) сегодня вечером поиграть в теннис?

Упражнение 16. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя герундий.

пп) Он думал о том, чтобы поступить в университет. 2. Прекрати сердиться. Прости его за то, что он испортил вечер в твой день рождения. 3. Я не могу не чувствовать стыда. 4. Я поздравил своего друга со сдачей экзамена по вождению машины. 5. Продолжайте разговаривать. 6. Я настаиваю на том, чтобы сказать ему правду. 7. Они боялись опоздать на поезд. 8. Я не одобряю того, что ты играешь в компьютерные игры. 9. Мы оставили мысль о поездке за город. 10. Она бросила танцы в прошлом году. 11. Мама возражает против того, что я привожу в дом слишком много друзей. 12. Вы не возражаете, если я позвоню вам? 13. Ты обвиняешь меня в том, что я тебя обманула? 14. Студенты нашей группы с нетерпением ждут, когда совершат круиз (турне) по Европе на каникулах в этом году. 15. Его мама продолжает надеяться, что он скоро позвонит или напишет. 16. Что помешало ей прийти на его день рождения?

Упражнение 17. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя герундий.

оо) Перестань бегать. 2. Он отрицал, что взял деньги. 3. Он боялся потерять друзей. 4. Она не одобряла того, что он слишком часто ходил на вечеринки. 5. Я подумываю о том, чтобы принять то предложение, так как у меня опыт работы на компьютере, и я знаю, как его использовать для выполнения этого проекта. 6. Мама возражает против того, что он часто ходит в кино. 7. Мы поздравили их

с тем, что они выиграли матч. 8. Я не могу не сердиться на него. 9. Он рассмеялся. 10. Вы не возражаете, если я приведу моего друга? 11. Я настаиваю на том, чтобы спросить его совета. 12. Продолжайте писать ему. 13. Если ты будешь намеренно стараться (упорствовать в попытках) задавать мне глупые вопросы, я тебе и вовсе ничего не расскажу. 14. Она никогда не умолкает (просто рта не закрывает). 15. Люди действительно не могут продолжать так жить. 16. Он упрекал (обвинял) нас в том, что мы его не навестили.

Упражнение 18. Выберите из скобок герундий или инфинитив.

1. I am planning ... (to visit/visiting) my granny next week. (Я планирую навестить бабулю на следующей неделе.) 2. When they finish ... (to eat/eating) their lunch, they'll go to the office. (Когда они закончат обедать, они отправятся в офис.) 3. He suggested ... (to buy/buying) some food. (Он предложил купить немного продуктов.) 4. Does Sally enjoy ... (to go/going) to the gym? (Сэлли нравится ходить в тренажерный зал?) 5. Don't put off ... (to write/writing) a report till the end of the month. (Не откладывай написание доклада до конца месяца.) 6. John refused ... (to answer/answering) my question. (Джон отказался отвечать на мой вопрос.) 7. My brother intends ... (to get/getting) married soon. (Мой брат намеревается скоро жениться.) 8. I think she didn't mean ... (to hurt/hurting) you. (Думаю, она не хотела обидеть тебя.) 9. Keep ... (to beat/beating) the eggs. (Продолжай взбивать яйца.) 10. Fred can't afford ... (to travel/travelling) this уеаг. (Фред не может себе позволить в этом году путешествовать.) 11. We expect ... (to leave/leaving) tomorrow. (Мы собираемся уехать завтра.) 12. Mary decided ... (to fly/flying) to Venice. (Мэри решила полететь в Венецию.) 14. The sportsmen hope ... (to get/getting) the best results. (Спортсмены надеются добиться лучших результатов.) 15. Are you going to give up ... (to smoke/smoking)? (Ты собираешься бросать курить?) 16. They don't want ... (to have/having) any more children. (Они больше не хотят иметь детей.) 17. I don't mind ... (to wash up/washing up). (Я не против того, чтобы помыть посуду.) 18. Girls, stop ... (to giggle/giggling). (Девочки, перестаньте хихикать.) 19. Ben likes ... (to play/playing) chess. (Бен любит играть в шахматы.) 20. Lara goes ... (to dance/dancing) every weekend. (Лара ходит на танцы каждые выходные.) 21. Harry can't stand ... (to work/working) on Saturdays. (Гарри не выносит работы по субботам.)

<u>Тесты</u>
1. George has a Newfoundland dog, Strickland by name, and he is responsible it
twice a day.
a) for walking
b) walk
c) to walk
2.Speakingthinking is like shooting without aim.
a) on
b) by
c) without
pp) His son's car crashed into a wall. The terrible tragedy prevented him
doing what was right or reasonable.
a) in
b) from
c) of
qq) I am not at all sure if Arthur is really interestedthe truth.
a) to learn
b) in learning
c) learn
rr) The comedy was hilarious, but somehow I didn't feel like
a) laughing
b) laugh
c) to laugh
6. My big grey cat Fluffy is goodmice.
a) at catching
b) to catch
c) catch

7. I don't likethese shorts; they are too tight.
a) to wear
b) wearing
c) wear
8. Much dependsyour making a decision at the right time.
a) at
b) on
c) about
9. Mind your manners! You should wash your hands sitting down to dinner.
a) on
b) while
c) before
10. David found a small frog walking near the pond in his garden.
a) while
b) without
c) by
11. I am sorry having broken my promise.
a) of
b) for
c) about
12. I know it's my fault. I'd like to beg your pardon letting you down.
a) for
b) by
c) on
13. I don't like to – and that, exactly, is what you are trying to do.
a) being lied
b) be lied
c) to be lied
14. I enjoy making practical jokes about people, but I hate fun of.
a) to make

- b) making
- c) being made
- 15. We can't help ____ knowledgeable and industrious people.
 - ss) to admire
 - tt) admiring
 - uu) being admired

СОСЛАГАТЕЛЬНОЕ НАКЛОНЕНИЕ

Упражнения

Упражнение 1. Определите тип условного предложения и переведите его на русский язык.

1. I should put off the appointment if I were you. 2. Ask him to wait as soon as he comes. 3. I could have found all the particulars if you had asked me to. 4. They would not miss the train if they started for the station right. 5. You won't pass your test until you drive more carefully. 6. If I were you I should grant their request. 7. The firm would not have reduced prices if they had not been much higher than the world prices. 8. I am looking forward to our meeting and if you have no any questions please do not hesitate to contact us.

Упражнение 2. Раскройте скобки, поставив глагол в нужную видовременную форму, и переведите предложения на русский язык.

- 1. If you pass your examination we (have) a celebration. 2. I should have voted for her if I (have) a vote then. 3. The flight may be cancelled if the fog (get) thick. 4. If you (read) the instructions carefully you wouldn't have answered the wrong question.
- 5. If you (wear) a false beard nobody would have recognized you. 6. I (bring) you some beer if I had known that you were thirsty. 7. Please don't sign any contracts unless they (to be checked) by me.

Упражнение 3. Переведите предложения на английский язык.

1. Мы обсудим эту проблему, когда друзья придут к нам. 2. Я получу диплом юриста, когда окончу университет. 3. Он будет работать в милиции, когда

приедет в этот город. 4. Передайте ему это послание (а message), если увидите его. 5. Вы не будете знать английский хорошо, если не будете заниматься усерднее. 6. Я поеду домой, когда сдам экзамены. 7. Если Конгресс одобрит законопроект, то данный закон вступит в силу. 8. Что вы будете делать, если опоздаете на лекцию? 9. Я буду удивлен, если вы допустите ошибки. 10. Мы будем рады, если вы примете участие в научной конференции. 11. Он должен рассказать об английской системе времен, если вы спросите его.

Упражнение 4. Образуйте условные предложения.

vv) He is busy and does not come to see us. If ... 2. The girl did not study well last year and received bad marks. If ... 3. He broke his bicycle and so he did not go to the country. If ... 4. He speaks English badly: he has no practice. If ... 5. I had a bad headache yesterday, that's why I did not come to see you. If ... 6. The ship was sailing near the coast, that's why it struck a rock. If ... 7. He was not in town, therefore he was not present at our meeting. If ... 8. The pavement was so slippery that I fell and hurt my leg. If ... 9. The sea is rough, and we cannot sail to the island. If ... 10. They made a fire, and the frightened wolves ran away. If ... 11. It is late, and I have to go home. If ... 12. I was expecting my friend to come, that's why I could not go to the cinema with you. If ... 13. He always gets top marks in mathematics because it is his favourite subject and he works a lot at it. If ... 14. I did not translate the article yesterday because I had no dictionary. If ... 15. We lost our way because the night was pitch-dark. If ... 16. The box was so heavy that I could not carry it. That's why I took a taxi. If ...

Упражнение 5. Образуйте условные предложения.

ww) The travelers had no camera with them, so they could not take photos of the beautiful scenery. If ... 2. There was no sugar left, so we had to go to the shop late in the evening. If ... 3. This house is very nice and comfortable, but it is not very good for living because it is situated close to a chemical plant and the air around is very bad. If ... 4. He is an excellent specialist, but I cannot ask his advice because I am not

acquainted with him. If ... 5. You cannot enjoy this merry evening party because you have a toothache. If ... 6. You know the material well enough, but you are very absent-minded, and that's why you always make many mistakes. If ... 7. You did not ring me up, so I did not know you were in trouble. If ... 8. You left the child alone in the room, so he hurt himself. If ... 9. They spent a year in the tropics, so they got very sun-tanned. If ... 10. It rained heavily, so we got drenched to the skin. If ... 11. Why didn't you watch the cat? It ate all the fish. If ... 12. A huge black cloud appeared from behind the forest, so we had to turn back and hurry home. If ... 13. We shall not go to see them because it is very late. If ... 14. Naturally she was angry, because you were in her way. If ...

Упражнение 6. Раскройте скобки, употребляя требующуюся форму сослагательного наклонения после «I wish».

xx) I wish I (to have) a season ticket to the Philharmonic next winter. 2. I wish I (to consult) the teacher when I first felt that mathematics was too difficult for me. 3. I love sunny weather. I wish it (to be) warm and fine all the year round. 4. I wish I (not to lend) Nick my watch: he has broken it. 5. I wish you (to send) word as soon as you arrive. 6. I wish I (not to have) to do my homework every day. 7. I wish you (to go) skiing with me yesterday: I had such a good time! 8. I wish I (to know) Spanish. 9. I wish I (not to drink) so much coffee in the evening: I could not sleep half the night. 10. I wish you (to read) more in future. 11. I wish I never (to suggest) this idea. 12. I wish I (to be) at yesterday's party: it must have been very merry. 13. I wish we (to meet) again next summer. 14. Don't you wish you (to see) that performance before? 15. They wished they (not to see) this horrible scene again. 16. The unfortunate pupil wished he (not to forget) to learn the rule.

Упражнение 7. Раскройте скобки, употребляя требующуюся форму сослагательного наклонения после «I wish».

yy) I wish I (can) give up smoking. 2. She wishes she (to see) him at yesterday's party. 3. I wish I (to pass) my driving test last Monday. 4. I wish I (not to forget) my

friend's birthday yesterday. 5. The boy is sad. He wishes he (not to break) the window. 6. My aunt wishes she (to stay) at home last weekend. 7. He wishes he (to know) something about cars. 8. I wish it (to be) sunny. 9. I wish it (to be) sunny during our picnic last Saturday. 10. She wishes she (to live) in the Crimea. 11. My friend wishes he (not to do) that last night. 12.1 wish I (to bring) my camera last summer. 13. I wish I (can) tell the future. 14. Do you wish you (to be) in the Guinness Book of Records? 15. Some people wish they (can) appear on a TV game show and become famous.

Упражнение 8. Переведите на английский язык.

Он так изменился! Если бы вы его встретили, вы бы его не узнали. 2. Если бы я был на вашем месте, я бы посоветовался с родителями. 3. Если бы сейчас подошел трамвай, мы бы не опоздали. 4. Если бы он знал, что это вас расстроит, он был бы осторожнее. 5. Если бы вы мне помогли решить эту задачу, я был бы вам очень благодарен. 6. Жаль, что нам раньше не пришло в голову поискать книгу в библиотеке. Мы бы сделали работу вовремя и сейчас были бы уже свободны. 7. Жаль, что у нас было так мало уроков. Если бы мы больше поработали, мы бы лучше знали язык. 8. Если бы он регулярно не посещал спортивные тренировки, он не добился бы такого успеха на состязаниях. 9. Если бы ты предупредил меня заранее, я бы уже был в Москве. 10. Жаль, что она уже ушла. Если бы ты позвонил раньше, она была бы сейчас здесь. 11. Если бы он был умнее, он бы не пошел вчера в лес. 12. Если бы она не прислала вчера это письмо, мой брат был бы сейчас дома. 13. Что бы мы сейчас делали, если бы мама не испекла вчера пирог? 14. Жаль, что вы не слышали музыку Рахманинова. Если бы вы ее слышали, вы бы знали, какой это замечательный композитор. 15. Я уверен, что все были бы рады, если бы вечер состоялся.

Упражнение 9. Переведите на английский язык.

ааа) Если бы я знал французский, я бы уже давно поговорил с ней. 2. Если бы я знал немецкий язык, я бы читал Гете в оригинале. 3. Если бы я жил близко, я бы чаще заходил к вам. 4. Если бы вы не прервали нас вчера, мы бы закончили работу в срок. 5. Если бы он не следовал советам врача, он бы не поправился так быстро. 6. Если бы он не был талантливым художником, его картину не приняли бы на выставку. 7. Если бы вы тогда послушались моего совета, вы бы не были сейчас в таком затруднительном положении. 8. Если бы я не был так занят в эти дни, я бы помог тебе вчера. 9. Если бы он не был так близорук, он бы узнал меня вчера в театре. 10. Она здорова. Если бы она была больна, ее брат сказал бы мне об этом вчера. 11. Вы бы много знали, если бы регулярно читали этот журнал. 12. Если бы я узнала об этом раньше, то не сидела бы сейчас дома. 13. Если бы мои родители были богаты, они бы уже давно купили мне машину. 14. Она очень талантлива. Хорошо бы родители купили ей пианино. Если она начнет играть сейчас, она будет выдающимся музыкантом.

Тесты

- 1. Plants die if you (not / water) them.
- a) won't water
- b) don't water
- c) wouldn't water
- 2. If I had one million dollars, I (probably / buy) a yacht.
- a) would probably buy
- b) will probably buy
- c) probably bought
- 3. How did it happen that you missed you stop? I (not / miss) it if the conductor (announce) the stops.
- a) wouldn't miss a) had announced
- b) hadn't missed b) would have announced
- c) wouldn't have missed c) announced

- 4. What a pity my husband is away! If he (be) here, he (help) us.
- a) were a) will help
- b) would be here b) would help
- c) is c) helps
- 5. If I (get up) early tomorrow morning, I (go) jogging.
- a) will get up a) go
- b) get up b) am going to
- c) got up c) will go
- 6. You look tired. If I (be) you, I (take) a holiday.
- a) be a) will take
- b) were b) would take
- c) have been c) take
- 7. If Benjamin Franklin (not / work) so hard, he (not / become) the symbol of America.
- a) didn't work a) wouldn't have become
- b) wouldn't have worked b) hadn't become
- c) hadn't worked c) wouldn't become
- 8. Did you say anything when he asked you? –No, I didn't. You see, if I (say) even a word, he (fly) into a rage.
- a) said a) flew
- b) would said b) would have flown
- c) had said c) had flown
- 9. Would it be all right if I (come) round at about six?
- a) come
- b) came
- c) will come
- 10. If you (not / be) at a loose end last month, you (pass) your exam. But you failed it.
- a) hadn't been a) would have passed
- b) wouldn't have been b) would pass
- c) were not c) will pass

- 11. If the water (be heated) to 100° C, it (boil).
- a) will be heated a) would boil
- b) would be heated b) boils
- c) is heated c) boil
- 12. If pigs (have) wings, they (fly).
- a) had a) will fly
- b) have b) fly
- c) would have c) would fly
- 13.I (do) the same if I (be) in your shoes.
- a) would do a) am
- b) will do b) were
- c) would have done c) will be
- 14. If I (see) her, I (speak) to her. But I didn't see her and speak to her.
- a) saw a) would have spoken
- b) had seen b) spoke
- c) would have see c) would speak
- 15. Hurry up! We (not / get) good seats if we (arrive) late.
- a) don't get a) arrived
- b) won't get b) will arrive
- c) didn't get c) arrive
- 16. If I (know) that you were coming, I (meet) you at the airport. I had a lot of time to do that.
- a) had known a) would meet
- b) knew b) would have met
- c) would have known c) will meet
- 17. If Columbus (not / have) such a passion for travelling, he (discover) America in 1492.
- a) hadn't a) hadn't discover
- b) wouldn't have had b) didn't discover
- c) hadn't had c) wouldn't have discovered

- 18. Robby, look at that man! If he (work) harder at school, he (not / sweep) the streets now.

 a) worked a) wouldn't be sweeping

 b) would have worked b) wouldn't have swept

 c) had worked c) won't be sweeping
- 19. I'm sure that if you, ... hard, you will do well in the test.
- a) will study
- b) study
- c) studied
- 20. I wish I ... pass the test.
- a) can
- b) could
- c) will
- 21. If you ... more, you would have passed this test long ago.
- a) worked
- b) had worked
- c) had been working
- 22. If were John, I... not tell everybody about my problems.
- a) did
- b) could
- c) would
- 23. Why didn't you buy the car? If I ... it, I would've bought it.
- a) wanted
- b) had wanted
- c) want
- 23. If there ... no clouds, we should not enjoy the sun. (proverb)
- a) are
- b) were
- c) would be

24. What ... we do if she doesn't keep her word? — I wish I ... a) shall; knew b) would; would know c) 'll; know 25. If he hadn't helped me, I... all my money two years ago. a) would lose b) had lost c) would have lost 26. Could you trust him if you ... me? — I wish I.... a) will be; can b) were; could c) are; did 27. Unless you ... the law, you may be fined or arrested. a) don't obey b) obey c) won't obey 28. Jane is sorry her father is dead. If he ..., he would be proud of her. a) had been alive b) would be alive c) were alive 29. If you'd like me to speak to her, I.... a) would b) could c) will 30. English is necessary for his work. He wishes he ... it last year. a) had learnt b) learnt c) could learn 31. I wish I... more time; I... go to the movies.

a) have; will

- b) had; couldc) will have; would32. Should he... end
- 32. Should he... enough money, he would be able to establish his own business,
- a) have had
- b) have
- c) had
- 33. I wish I... more resourceful; I... something up.
- a) were; might think
- b) could be; thought
- c) had been; would think
- 34. If they were poor students, they ... at the Metropol Hotel.
- a) wouldn't stay
- b) wouldn't be staying
- c) will not stay
- 35. What would you have done if you ... there?
- a) were
- b) had been
- c) have been
- 36. If it ... then, we would have gone for a walk.
- a) weren't raining
- b) hadn't been raining
- c) didn't rain
- 37. If the driver had been more careful, he ... to stop.
- a) would have
- b) could have
- c) would have been able
- 38. If you ... him, tell him to give me a ring.
- a) meet
- b) met
- c) should meet

- 39. Liza said if she hadn't been tired, she ... all night. a) will be able to dance b) could dance c) could have danced 40. You'll be in Moscow at 8.30, provided you ... the 7 o'clock bus. a) will catch b) catch c) would catch 41. I wish you ... quiet. I can't work in such a noisy room. a) kept b) would keep c) keep 42. I said I wouldn't be able to find the house ... they showed me the way. a) unless b) if c) provided that 43. If the delegates were there today, the agreement... be signed tomorrow. a) could b) might c) would 44. Supposing you ... the exam, what will you do? a) fail
- b) failed
- c) will fail
- 45. Were I you, I... her the truth. I wish she ... it.
- a) will tell; knows
- b) had told; had known
- c) would tell; knew
- 46. Had I met him in London, I... let you know about this.
- a) should

- b) would
- c) would have
- 47. But for the doctor, the old man ... years ago.
- a) must have died
- b) might have died
- c) should have died

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